SIRACH to the reader

Edition of the Greek Text

The book of Sirach actually has three different titles, depending on the language of its transmission or the religious tradition that reads it. In Hebrew the book is known as The Wisdom of Joshua (Jesus) Ben Sira. In the Vulgate, the book is called Ecclesiasticus (the church's book). In the Jewish-Greek scriptures and for NETS, the title is that given above, Sirach. For Sirach, I have used the Göttingen edition of Joseph Ziegler (*Septuaginta: Vetus Testamentum Graecum Auctoritate Academiae Litterarum Gottingensis editum XII.2: Sapientia Iesu Filii Sirach* [Göttingen: Vandenhoeck & Ruprecht, 1965]). In his critical text, Ziegler places verses from a later Greek recension (GKII; see below) in smaller typeface, and I have followed his judgments as to what constitutes GKII. As a result, I have punctuated the entire consecutive text, including the GKII. In some cases, if the reader skips over the GKII, the punctuation might not make the best English sense, since it relies on the presence of the additional verses. All the Greek manuscripts extant for Sirach contain a textual displacement in which the order of 30.25–33.13a and 33.13b–36.16a is reversed. Ziegler has placed the Greek in the correct order. The NRSV along with Patrick W. Skehan's and Alexander Di Lella's Anchor Bible commentary follow Ziegler in giving the text in its proper order. In the NETS translation, I have followed suit, and I give the chapter and verse numbers following the correct order with the chapter and verse numbers of the Greek in its displaced order in parentheses.

One feature of Ziegler's edition is the frequency of reconstructions of an original Greek text that nowhere exists in the Greek manuscript tradition. Usually Ziegler takes his cue from Alfred Rahlfs or Rudolph Smend in deciding that the entire Greek tradition is a corruption of a no-longer-extant Greek original. I have followed Ziegler in almost every case. For example, NETS for Sir 3.17 reads, "Child, in gentleness conduct your affairs, and you will be loved more than a person who gives," which reflects Ziegler's text, ὑπὲρ ἀνθρωπον δότην, instead of the majority of the Greek tradition, which reads ὑπὸ ἀνθρώπου δεκτοῦ "by an acceptable person." Ziegler has adopted this conjecture from Smend, who, based on the Hebrew texts and the Latin version, concluded that the Greek manuscript tradition preserved a corruption. The NRSV seems to depend here on the Greek manuscript tradition, although it has glossed the verse, apparently to wring some meaning out of it.

THE HEBREW AND GREEK TEXTS OF BEN SIRA

The textual situation of the Wisdom of Ben Sira, notably the often confused and fragmentary state of the Hebrew manuscripts, created some unique difficulties for this translation. Hebrew texts of Ben Sira are extant for about two-thirds of the book. Portions of chapters 39–44 survive in the Masada manuscript, which dates from the first century BCE. 2Q18 contains the remains of several lines, and 11QPs^a preserves a number of verses from chapter 51. The most extensive extant Hebrew sections are found in the six fragmentary manuscripts (designated A–F) discovered in the Cairo Geniza. On occasion the contents of these manuscripts overlap, but more often only one manuscript preserves any given passage from Ben Sira in Hebrew. The Hebrew manuscripts do, however, seem, *in their essentials*, to preserve the Hebrew of Ben Sira but not without numerous mistakes, additions and corruptions. The ultimate effect of this situation on the NETS translation is simply to make comparison between the Hebrew and Greek for matters such as vocabulary consistency, lexical choice and other elements of translation technique much more difficult to isolate and characterize.

As a result of the Hebrew textual situation, I have had to approach the translation of this book more from the perspective of a book like 1 Makkabees, which was translated from Hebrew but for which no Hebrew survives into modernity. Part of the reason for this approach is the inconsistency of the translator for various aspects of his work. The practical impact on the reader is that my translation differs from the NRSV quite frequently, probably more than for those books that have the MT as a basis of comparison. Moreover, whereas the NRSV attempts to present the reader with, as much as possible, an Ur-Text of the book, NETS is interested solely in its Greek translation. The Hebrew texts become relevant only to the

TO THE READER OF SIRACH

extent that the source text can arbitrate between competing readings and interpretations of the target text and can, furthermore, account for the kind of Greek found in the translation.

One additional matter that both the NETS translation of Ben Sira and the NRSV had to deal with was the presence of the later Greek recension. In the process of the textual transmission of the Greek, a number of proverbs were added to the book, and this recension is usually designated GKII. For the most part, the NRSV puts readings from this Greek recension in footnotes leaving in the main text only GKI (= OG), that is, the translation of the author's grandson, who rendered the Hebrew text into Greek. In the NETS translation, I have worked in analogous fashion both to Ziegler and to how NETS has handled similar cases elsewhere. GKII passages appear in the running text where they should be located. I have set them off by (a) marking them with square brackets at the beginning and end of each line and (b) by placing them in italics. Manuscript 248, one of the most important manuscript witnesses for GKII, contains an alternative prologue to the original translation, which Ziegler places in smaller typeface following the prologue of Ben Sira's grandson. The alternative prologue is not included in NETS. The decision to exclude it was based on several factors. First, it only appears in Ms 248 and in no other Greek text. Second, although of considerable importance, Ms 248 does not contain all of the GKII readings for Sirach. Consequently, this prologue was probably not intended to introduce any GKII "recension." Finally, according to Ziegler (66), the prologue stems from a work entitled Synopsis Scripturae Sacrae, falsely attributed to the Egyptian church father Athanasius.

TRANSLATION PROFILE OF THE GREEK

When one compares the Greek of the Prologue with that of the translation, one will see a tremendous difference between the two. The Prologue is written in good, literary style. The translation, on the other hand, looks to have been executed in a generally isomorphic manner, and it thus mirrors many aspects of its Hebrew source text. I hope that the qualitative difference between the Greek of the Prologue and the frequently unidiomatic, even awkward Greek of the translation will be readily apparent to the NETS reader. In general, the conclusions that I gave concerning the relationship between the Hebrew and Greek of Sirach in my 1989 study of translation technique (*No Small Difference: Sirach's Relationship to Its Hebrew Parent Text* [SBLSCS 26; Atlanta: Scholars, 1989]) still hold, it seems to me.

Here I make some general remarks about the Greek translation that illustrate its character. First, the isomorphic approach of the grandson to the process of translation means that he, like most of the translators of the LXX/OG corpus, does try to keep close to the Hebrew word order and, for the most part, he maintains a quantitative parity with his parent text. One finds in this translation, then, a number of aspects of the translation that suggest that the translator was working essentially in an interlinear way; that is, the Greek could be seen as a kind of "pony" to the Hebrew, since the translator often reproduces many aspects of the grammatical form of the Hebrew in the translation. In some cases, however, a perfectly acceptable feature of Greek might also serve the agenda of isomorphism. One example illustrates the case well. The Hebrew of Ben Sira uses several circumlocutions for possession, most of which involve some use of the dative. So, 3.22b reads in Hebrew (Ms A), ואין לך עסק בנסתרות "You have no business with hidden things." Rather than take the clause as a whole and render the Hebrew idiom for possession, 77, by using some standard Greek verb such as $\xi_{x\omega}$, the translator simply follows the Hebrew word-for-word, ού γάρ ἐστίν σοι χρεία τῶν κρυπτῶν. While one might be tempted to translate this Greek with something like "For there is for you no need for hidden matters," Greek can also indicate possession through the use of a dative with the verb to be, the so-called dative of possession. As a result, according to NETS principles (see "TO THE READER OF NETS") normal Greek idiom means normal English idiom. Thus, I have translated cases like this one using the normal English verb "have," and 3.22 appears in NETS as "for you have no need of hidden matters."

Second, the translator's word-by-word approach to his work also means that various parts of speech get transferred from Hebrew directly into Greek. The result is that Hebrew participles generally become Greek participles; Hebrew prepositions become Greek prepositions, etc. The most common difficulty produced by this translational practice is that prepositions will oftentimes get used in ways that are foreign to their uses in standard Greek, and often they can be found in strange contexts. They frequently appear as part of an object complement to a verb for which they are not suited in standard Greek, or they get used in non-Greek contexts. $\dot{\upsilon}\pi\epsilon\rho$, for example, often renders the Hebrew preposition $\ddot{}$ in places where in Hebrew the preposition functions to indicate the comparative, even though it does not normally have that function in Greek. In 7.19 the Greek $\dot{}$ χάρις αὐτῆς ὑπερ τὸ χρυσίον "her grace is beyond gold" renders \Box "grace more than pearls." Other than the lexical shift from "pearls" to "gold," the translator has employed $\dot{\upsilon}\pi\epsilon\rho$ in a context for which it is not normally used outside of the LXX/OG corpus.

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Third, even though the translator worked in essentially a word-for-word manner, he does not exhibit a tendency to confine one Greek lexeme to the same Hebrew lexeme. So, for instance, the noun מֹץמגאוֹמְשׁמ "joy, exultation" renders three different Hebrew terms—(31.26), מול (31.26), מול (30.23). On the other side of the coin, one Hebrew word might have several different Greek equivalents. In fact, there is enough semantic differentiation that one can rarely reconstruct, on the basis of the existing Hebrew-Greek equivalences, what the Hebrew lexical items in the parent text were in those sections of Sirach where Hebrew does not survive. Illustrative is the Hebrew verb שָׁרָש, "withhold, hold back," which is never rendered twice with the same word. The various Greek equivalents are: מֹעדוλαµβάνω (12.7), α̈ποκωλύω (7.33), ἀφυστερέω (14.14), ἐμποδίζω (32.3), κωλύω (4.23), παρέλκω (4.3), στερέω (7.21) and συνέχω (14.4).

Within the translator's general policy of isomorphism, there are occasionally times when he seems to engage in an interpretive move. In most cases, he is confronting a text that seems to baffle him. For example, in 49.2, part of the section about Iosias (Josiah), the grandson apparently did not understand the clause in 49.2, part of the section about Iosias (Josiah), the grandson apparently did not understand the clause in an almost one-to-one correspondence with the Hebrew on a purely formal level, it looks like the translator recognized the root שור שור שור שור משובתינו as coming from the Hebrew verb meaning "return, turn back." He thus interpreted the entire clause, probably on the basis of his identification of שור acurds אמינים, אמינ

Given the examples above, it should not be a surprise to note that the Greek does not contain a high number of calques or even thoroughly stereotyped renderings, although some cases do present difficulties for the NETS translator. One particularly interesting case is the Greek-Hebrew equivalence καύχημα – חלפאר The Greek translates the Hebrew five times (9.16; 10.22; 44.7; 45.8; 50.11) and the related noun καύχησις translates the Hebrew term once (31.10). Both Greek words indicate some kind of "boasting." Yet, the primary lexical meaning of הפפאר Brown-Driver-Briggs Hebrew lexicon list "boasting." Even though the Greek-Hebrew equivalence seems fixed for the translator, there does not seem to be any warrant for ascribing the meaning of "splendor" or "beauty" to the two related Greek words. As far as Sirach is concerned, they retain their Greek meaning, and they are translated in NETS as "boast" and "boasting."

The Greek representations of the Hebrew UDD present a more difficult case, particularly when it is used in Hebrew with a personal pronoun to mean "him/her/itself"—so, for instance, UDD) "himself." The Greek translator usually prefers to give a rather awkward and wooden rendering into Greek, ψuxή αὐτοῦ, "his soul." The Greek phrase, although it represents each element in the Hebrew phrase, does not normally mean "himself" in Greek, although the word ψuxή can have the sense of one's "self." Hence in the NETS translation of Sirach, I render this wooden representation of the Hebrew "his/her/their soul." The translator did have at his disposal a perfectly good and idiomatic Greek word to indicate the reflexive, ἑαυτοῦ, which he, in fact, uses in 37.8c, where ἑαυτῷ translates \UDD'. There are quite a number of individual instances of Hebraistic renderings such as this in the Greek translation and almost none take on the meaning of the Hebrew. They are simply overly wooden renderings. Sir 35.12 offers another prime example of a normal Hebrew idiom being rendered into a stilted and essentially meaningless Greek. Here "with generosity" becomes quite woodenly in Greek ἑν ἀγαθῷ ὀθθαλμῷ "with a good eye."

Interestingly, one of the terms that is clearly a calque in almost the entirety of the Jewish-Greek translation corpus, $\delta\iota\alpha\theta\eta\kappa\eta$ "covenant" as a translation of ררית, is not one for the translator of Ben Sira, who uses the word for both חוק ברית (in both technical and non-technical contexts). This situation presents some difficulty for the English translator. Ben Sira's grandson has leveled the meanings of the two Hebrew words. He has used the same Greek for both Hebrew nouns, for which he intended the meaning "covenant," and NETS reflects that meaning in all the cases of the Greek noun. In some cases, however, the use of $\delta\iota\alpha\theta\eta\kappa\eta$ changes the sense of the underlying Hebrew. Sirach 11.20 encourages the student to "stand by your agreement," $\mu\alpha\eta\tau$. The Greek $\sigma\tau\eta\theta\iota$ is $\delta\iota\alpha\theta\eta\kappa\eta$ or "stand by your covenant" might suggest that the translator understood the Greek term in its usual sense of "testament," or he simply uses the now technical Greek term in a non-technical context. In 42.2, however, $\delta\iota\alpha\theta\eta\kappa\eta$ as a translation of the statute." The Greek, $\pi\epsilon\rhoi$ vóµou vµíστου καὶ $\delta\iota\alpha\theta\eta\kappa\etas$ "of the law of the law of the Most High and of the statute." The Greek, $\pi\epsilon\rhoi$ vóµou vµíστου καὶ $\delta\iota\alpha\theta\eta\kappa\etas$ "of the law of the Most High and covenant," broadens the focus considerably—from some unspecified statute to the entirety of

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God's covenant with Israel. Finally, 44.20, in the section on Abraam (Abraham), διαθήκη renders both and Π , thus, at the least, masking the intention of the Hebrew original.

Hebrew (Ms B and Masada): ובא בברית עמו בבשרו כרת לו חוק Translation: "And he [God] entered into a covenant with him; in his flesh he made for him a statute."1

Greek: καὶ ἐγένετο ἐν διαθήκῃ μετ' αὐτοῦ ἐν σαρκὶ αὐτοῦ ἔστησεν διαθήκῃν NETS: "and he entered in a covenant with him; in his flesh he established a covenant."

In this verse, the "statute" almost certainly means the law of circumcision for all of Abraam's descendants. The Greek, however, completely levels the semantic difference of the Hebrew between the "covenant" that God makes and the "statute" that God establishes "in his flesh."

THE NETS TRANSLATION OF SIRACH

Since elsewhere in the NETS corpus, the English translators have worked with the general dictum vis-àvis the NRSV "Change what you must, and keep what you can," several specific comments on the relationship of NETS Sirach to the NRSV are in order. There are a number of ways that the NETS translation of Sirach differs routinely from that in the NRSV. Many of the differences between NETS and NRSV result from the different purposes of the translations. The NRSV intends to produce a faithful translation in nicely idiomatic and fluid English—a purpose it accomplishes well. Sirach, however, is also somewhat unique among the NRSV translations. The NRSV "Old Testament" is translated from Hebrew, the original language of the various books, into English, but the NRSV Sirach, because of its transmission history, is already, in large part, a translation of a translation. The NRSV cannot translate the Hebrew, because it is incomplete and the text is frequently corrupt, and the Greek, which it does translate for the most part, is itself a translation. This approach produces two results that affect the NETS translation. First, although it primarily relies on the Greek, the NRSV uses an eclectic approach to the text. That is, the translator is interested in using the best, most original text possible. For Sirach, that might mean a preference for the Latin or the Syriac or the Hebrew rather than for the Greek. In places where the NRSV relies on the Hebrew or one of the other daughter translations, NETS will almost certainly be different, since it translated the best Greek text available. Second, in giving a fluid English translation, the English of the NRSV necessarily in many cases erases the awkwardness of the Greek. NETS, which is more intent on reflecting the translationese character of the Greek, requires a different approach, and in many cases I attempt to retain the awkwardness of the Greek that the NRSV has smoothed over. Moreover, exegetical openness, that is, rendering the Greek text as carefully as possible for what it says, is deemed in and of itself a virtue.

My basic approach in the NETS translation of Sirach is to provide the English reader with as much information as possible about the character of the Greek and the relationship between the Hebrew (where it exists) and its Greek translation. Essentially, what this means for the reader of NETS is that my translation of Sirach is more independent of the NRSV than is the case for other NETS translations. The following paragraphs explain my approach to selected aspects of the NETS translation, and in these ways NETS will typically depart from the NRSV.

(a) For the most part, where possible, I have tried to represent the poetic form of the verses as much as possible. The Greek, by trying to represent the Hebrew word order, often reproduces the poetic structure of the Hebrew text. That is, if two Hebrew cola have the structure, verb-subject-object, subject-verb-object, the Greek will very often keep that order. I have tried to do the same in NETS where the rules of English permit and where no hardship for the reader results. This often results in an English word order different from NRSV. Thus, for example, NETS at 1.27, "For wisdom and education are the fear of the Lord, and his delight is fidelity and gentleness," differs from NRSV, "For the fear of the Lord is wisdom and discipline, fidelity and humility are his delight" because the Greek (which most likely represents the Hebrew word order) has the parallelism A:B:B':A', which I have kept in NETS. This procedure does not represent dissatisfaction with NRSV; I operate this way in order to provide the English reader of NETS as much information about the relationship between the Greek and Hebrew texts as possible.

(b) The reader of NETS will find that the vocabulary choices in many places differ from the NRSV. Although a high level of stereotyping does not characterize the translation of Sirach, the translator does

¹ The NRSV here reads, "and entered into a covenant with him; he certified the covenant in his flesh," which seems to presuppose the Greek text.

SIRACH PROLOGUE

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seem to have a corpus of words that he uses consistently for particular Hebrew words. In such cases, I have maintained that consistency as much as possible in NETS. Sometimes the translator will maintain a high level of lexical consistency in individual poetic units. Where such consistency occurs, NETS is also consistent in its use of English vocabulary. On the other hand, where the NRSV uses the same English word for different Greek words in a poetic unit, I have used English synonyms to indicate to the reader that the Greek words are not the same.

(c) As I noted above, in many instances the Greek translator tries hard to maintain a one-for-one translation of the Hebrew. This technique produces several different results. Sometimes one encounters one word in Greek for one word in Hebrew. In those places where the Greek translator appears to be concerned about this type of lexical representation, I have tried to be as well. This usually means translating a single Greek word by a single English word. The translator, however, might also try to reproduce on a one-to-one basis the word order or even the grammatical form of the Hebrew. So, for example, the relationship between verbal tenses grates against the ear, or the lack of the definite article where one would expect it in standard Greek produces a strange sounding phrase. The resulting Greek is frequently stilted and awkward. In such cases I have tried as best I can within the bounds of acceptable English to represent in NETS the awkwardness of the Greek of Sirach. A couple of short examples will illustrate the nature of the case. In 13.22, the first stich of the verse uses the present tense to describe the help given to a rich person, πλουσίου σφαλέντος πολλοὶ ἀντιλήμτορες "when a rich person staggers, many are his helpers." Yet, the second switches to the aorist, rendered into the past tense in English, έλάλησεν ἀπόρρητα καὶ ἐδικαίωσαν αὐτόν "he spoke things not to be spoken, and they justified him." With respect to the article, the Greek translation very frequently employs anarthrous nouns, which creates at best some ambiguity and at worst some real difficulty. So, for instance, in Simon II's temple service described in chapter 50, we read καὶ αὐτὸς ἑστὼς παρ' ἐσχάρα βωμοῦ "when he stood by altar's (or "an altar's") hearth." It seems clear that the altar in the Jerusalem temple is intended, but the lack of the article here introduces some awkwardness and ambiguity that the definite article would have easily resolved.

BIBLIOGRAPHICAL NOTE

Several resources proved of tremendous value in preparing this NETS translation. For the Hebrew text of Sirach, I consulted primarily Z. ben-Hayyim, *The Book of Ben Sira: Text, Concordance and an Analysis of the Vocabulary* (Jerusalem: Academy of the Hebrew Language and the Shrine of the Book, 1973) and P. C. Beentjes, *The Book of Ben Sira in Hebrew* (Leiden: Brill, 1997) in addition to many shorter studies on individual aspects of the Hebrew text. Besides the NRSV, the translation produced by Patrick W. Skehan and Alexander A. Di Lella for their Anchor Bible Commentary, *The Wisdom of Ben Sira* (AB 39; Garden City, NY: Doubleday, 1987) proved a valuable aid. I benefited enormously from their commentary as well. The commentary of M. H. Segal, השליח הפר בן־סירא השליח (Jerusalem: Bialik Foundation, 1958) also provided numerous insights into the different textual traditions in which Sirach survives.

BENJAMIN G. WRIGHT

PROLOGUE

(1) Seeing that many and great things have been given to us through the Law and the Prophets and the others that followed them, for which reason it is necessary to commend Israel for education and wisdom, and whereas it is necessary that not only those who read them gain understanding, ⁽⁵⁾but also that those who love learning be capable of service to outsiders, both when they speak and when they write, Iesous, my grandfather, since he had given himself increasingly both to the reading of the Law and the Prophets ⁽¹⁰⁾and the other ancestral books and since he had acquired considerable proficiency in them, he too was led to compose something pertaining to education and wisdom in order that lovers of learning, when they come under their^a sway as well, might gain much more in living by the law.

(15) You are invited, therefore, to a reading with goodwill and attention, and to exercise forbearance in cases where we may be thought ⁽²⁰⁾to be insipid with regard to some expressions that have been the object of great care in rendering; for what was originally expressed in Hebrew does not have the same force when it is in fact rendered in another language. And not only in this case, but also in the case of the Law itself and the Prophets ⁽²⁵⁾and the rest of the books the difference is not small when these are expressed in their own language.

^aAntecedent unclear, referring either to his grandfather's book or to education and wisdom

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SIRACH 1

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For in the thirty-eighth year, in the reign of Euergetes the king, when I had arrived in Egypt and stayed a while, when I had discovered an exemplar of no little education, (30)I myself too made it a most compulsory task to bring some speed and industry to the translating of this tome, meanwhile having contributed much sleeplessness and skill, with the aim of bringing the book to completion and to publish it also for those living abroad if they wish to become learned, preparing their character to live by the law.

1	All wisdom is from the Lord,
T	and with him it exists forever.
2	Sand of seas and drops of rain
	and days of eternity—who shall
	enumerate?
2	
3	The sky's height and earth's breadth
	and abyss and wisdom—who will
	track?
4	Before all things wisdom has been created,
	and understanding of prudence is from
	eternity.
15	
[5	Wisdom's spring is God's word in the highest,]
	[and her journeys are everlasting
	commandments.
6	Wisdom's root-to whom was it
	revealed?
	And her wondrous feats—who knew?
[7	Wisdom's skill—to whom was it manifested?]
[7	
	[And her great experience—who has
	understood it?]
8	One who is wise, greatly feared,
	seated upon his throne.
9	The Lord, he created her,
	and he saw and enumerated her
	and poured her out upon all his works,
10	
10	among all flesh according to his giving,
	and he furnished her abundantly to those
	who love him.
	[Loving the Lord is esteemed wisdom,]
	but to whomever he appears, he apportions
	her as a vision of himself.]
11	Fear of the Lord is reputation and
	boasting
	and gladness and a garland of rejoicing.
12	Fear of the Lord will delight the heart,
	and it will give gladness and joy and
	length of days.
	[Fear of the Lord is a gift from the Lord,]
	[for he also establishes paths for love.]
12	[jor ne also establishes patris jor love.]
13	For the one who fears the Lord, it will be
	well at the end,
	and in the day of his death he will be
	blessed.
14	Wisdom's beginning is to fear the Lord,
	and with the faithful in the womb—she
	and with the faithful in the wolld—sile
15	was created together with them.
15	Among human beings she built her nest as

an eternal foundation,

^aPerhaps storehouses ^bI.e. the person who suffers from it ^cOr it

and among their offspring she will be trusted.

- Wisdom's fullness is to fear the Lord, and she inebriates them with her fruits.
- Their every house she will fill with desirable things,
 - and the areception hallsa from her produce.
- Wisdom's garland is fear of the Lord, sprouting peace and well-being for healing. [And both are gifts of God for peace,] [and boasting creates space for those that love
- him.] [And he saw and enumerated her.] Skill and knowledge of understanding she rained down,
 - and the reputation of people who hold her fast she exalted.
- Wisdom's root is to fear the Lord, and her branches are length of days. [21 *The fear of the Lord repels sins,*]
 - [and when it endures, it will turn away all wrath.]
 - Unjust anger can never be justified, for the weight of his^b anger is his^b downfall.
 - Until the right time a patient person will restrain himself, and afterwards gladness will pay him back.
- 24 Until the right time he will hide his words, and the lips of many will tell of his discernment.
- 25 Among wisdom's treasures there is illustration of intelligence, but godliness is an abomination to a sinner.
 - If you desire wisdom, keep the commandments, and the Lord will furnish her abundantly to you.
 - For wisdom and education are the fear of the Lord, and his delight is fidelity and gentleness.
- 28 Do not disobev the fear of the Lord. and do not approach him^c with a double heart.
 - Do not be a hypocrite in the mouths of humankind,
 - and with your lips pay heed. Do not exalt yourself, lest you fall
 - and bring dishonor to your soul, and the Lord will reveal your secrets, and in the midst of a gathering he will
 - overthrow you,
 - because you did not approach in the fear of the Lord

and your heart was full of deceit.

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2 Child, if you come to be subject to the Lord, prepare your soul for testing.

Set straight your heart, and be steadfast, and do not be hasty in a time of distress.

- Cling to him, and do not stand aloof so that you may be strengthened at your end.
- Anything that might happen to you accept, and in the vicissitudes of your humiliation be patient,
- ⁵ because with fire gold is tested, and acceptable people in the furnace of humiliation.
 - [In sickness and in poverty have trust in him.]
- ⁶ Have faith in him, and he will support you, and make straight your ways, and hope in him.
- 7 You who fear the Lord, wait for his mercy, and do not turn away, lest you fall.
- 8 You who fear the Lord, have faith in him, and your wage will not be forfeited.
- 9 You who fear the Lord, hope for good things
 - and for everlasting gladness and mercy, [because his repayment is an everlasting gift with joy.]
- Look to ancient generations, and see; who had faith in the Lord and was put to shame?
 - Or who has held fast to fear of him and was forsaken?

Or who called upon him, and hea despised him?

- ¹¹ For compassionate and merciful is the Lord, and he forgives sins and saves in a time of affliction.
- Woe to timid hearts and to slack hands and to a sinner when he treads on two paths.
- ¹³ Woe to a faint heart, because it does not have faith;
 - therefore it will not be sheltered.
- Woe to you who have lost endurance. And what will you do when the Lord makes his reckoning?
- ¹⁵ Those who fear the Lord will not disobey his words,
 - and those who love him will preserve his ways.
- ¹⁶ Those who fear the Lord will seek his favor, and those who love him will be filled with the law.
- ¹⁷ Those who fear the Lord will prepare their hearts,
 - and before him they will humble their souls.
- We shall fall into the hands of the Lord and not into the hands of human beings!

^aI.e. *the Lord* ^bGk uncertain

For as his majesty is, so also is his mercy.

- 3 Listen to a father's reproof, children, and act accordingly so that you may be safe.
- For the Lord has glorified father over children, and he has confirmed a mother's

judgment over sons.

- He who honors father will atone for sins,
- and like one who lays up treasure is he who glorifies his mother.
 He who honors father will be gladdened h
 - He who honors father will be gladdened by children,
 - and in the day of his prayer he will be heard.
 - He who glorifies father will prolong his days, and he who listens to the Lord will giv

and he who listens to the Lord will give rest to his mother.

- [*He who fears the Lord will honor his father,*] and ^bamong those who begot him he will act as a slave to masters^b.
- By deed and word honor your father so that a blessing from him might come upon you.
- For a father's blessing supports children's houses,
- but a mother's curse uproots foundations.Do not glorify yourself by your father's
 - disgrace, for you have no glory in a father's disgrace.
- ¹¹ For a person's repute comes from his father's honor,

and a mother in ill repute is a reproach to children.

- 12 Child, support your father in old age, and do not grieve him during his life.
- ¹³ But if he fails in comprehension, excuse him,

and do not dishonor him in the fullness of your strength.

- ¹⁴ For charity for a father will not be forgotten,
- and it will be credited to you against sins. ¹⁵ In a day of affliction it will be remembered

of you; as fair weather upon frost, so will your sins be dissolved.

Like a blasphemer is the one who neglects a father, and curred by the Lord is the one who

and cursed by the Lord is the one who angers his mother.

- 17 Child, in gentleness conduct your affairs, and you will be loved more than a person who gives.
- ¹⁸ The greater you are, the more you should humble yourself,

SIRACH 3-4

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and before the Lord you will find favo
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^{[19} Many are lofty and of repute,]

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- [but to the meek he reveals his mysteries,] because great is the dominance of the Lord
- and by the humble he is glorified.
 ²¹ Things too difficult for you do not seek, and things too strong for you do not scrutinize.
- ²² The things that have been prescribed for you, think about these,
 - for you have no need of hidden matters.
- With matters greater than your affairs do not meddle,
 - for things beyond human understanding have been shown to you.
- 24 For their presumption has led many astray, and their evil fancy has diminished their understanding.
- [25 If you have no pupils, you will be at a loss for light,]

[and when you want for knowledge, do not profess it.]

- ²⁶ A hard heart will fare badly at the end, and he who loves danger will perish in it.
- 27 A hard heart will be weighed down by troubles,
- and the sinner will add sin to sins.
- ²⁸ For the misery of the arrogant there is no healing,
 - because a plant of wickedness has taken root in him.
- ²⁹ The heart of the intelligent will think of an illustration,
 - and a hearer's ear is the desire of the wise.
- ³⁰ A blazing fire water will extinguish, and charity will atone for sins.
- ³¹ He who repays favors gives thought to what comes after,
 - and at the moment of a fall he will find support.
- 4 Child, the life of the poor do not defraud, and do not put off needy eyes.
- ² A hungry soul do not grieve,
- and do not anger a man in his difficulty. An angry heart do not trouble,
 - and do not delay giving to one in need.
- 4 A suppliant in distress do not keep rejecting, and do not turn your face away from the poor.
- From one who begs do not turn away an eye,
 and do not give him occasion to curse
 - you.
- ⁶ For if one curses you in bitterness of his soul, the one who made him will hear his petition.
- 7 Make yourself beloved to a gathering, and for a nobleman bow your head.

and answer him peaceably with gentleness. Deliver the wronged from the hand of the wrongdoer, and do not be faint-hearted when you render judgment. Be like a father to orphans and instead of a husband to their mother, and you will be like a son of the Most High, and he will love you more than does your mother. Wisdom will exalt her sons and lays hold of those who seek her. He who loves her loves life, and those who turn to her early will be filled with gladness. He who holds her fast will inherit a reputation, and where he enters, the Lord blesses. Those who serve her will minister to one holy, and those who love her the Lord loves. He who obeys her will judge nations, and the one who gives heed to her will dwell in confidence. If he has faith, he will inherit her,

Incline your ear to the poor,

- and his descendants will be in possession a of hera.
- Because at first she will travel with him though he twist and turn, fear and dread she will bring upon him, and she will torment him with her training
- until she has faith in his soul, and she will test him with her statutes.
- And again she will return straight back to him and will make him glad and will reveal to him her secrets.
- If he goes astray, she will abandon him and hand him over to the grip of his fall.
- 20 Watch for an opportune time, and beware of evil,
 - and about your soul do not be ashamed. For there is a shame that brings on sin,
 - and there is a shame that is glory and favor.
 - Do not receive a person against your soul, and do not feel embarrassment to your fall.
 - Do not hinder speech in a time of need, [and do not hide your wisdom in comeliness.]
 - For by speech will wisdom be known, and education through a word of the tongue.
 - Do not speak against the truth, and concerning your lack of education feel shame.

aLacking in Gk

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- 26 Do not be ashamed to acknowledge your sins,
- and do not try to force a river's flow. 27 Do not be subject to a foolish person,
- and do not accept the person of a ruler. 28 Exert yourself to the death for the truth, and the Lord God will do battle for you.
- 29 Do not become rash with your tongue or sluggish and remiss in your deeds.
- 30 Do not be like a lion in your home, even conceiving vain fancies among your domestics.
- 31 Do not let your hand be extended to receive and withdrawn when paying back.
 - Do not be occupied with your money,
- and do not say, "I am self-sufficient." Do not follow your soul and your strength,
- to walk in your heart's desires.
- 3 And do not say, "Who shall hold power over me?
 - For the Lord, when he punishes, will punish.
- Do not say, "I sinned, and what has 4 happened to me?" For the Lord is long-suffering.
- 5 Do not become fearless concerning atonement, to add sin upon sins.

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- 6 And do not say, "His compassion is great; it will atone for the multitude of my sins";
 - for mercy and wrath are with him, and upon sinners will his anger rest.
 - Do not wait to turn back to the Lord, and do not postpone it day after day; for suddenly the wrath of the Lord will go
 - forth, and in the time of punishment you will perish.
- 8 Do not be occupied with ill-gotten money, for it will not be of benefit in a day of distress.
- 9 Do not winnow in every wind, and do not go on every short cut; thus is the double-tongued sinner.
- 10 Be firm in your understanding, and let your speech be one.
- 11 Be quick in your hearing, and with long-suffering utter a reply.
- 12 If you have understanding, answer your fellow,
 - but if not, let your hand be upon your mouth.
- 13 Repute and dishonor are in speaking, and a person's tongue is his downfall.
- 14 Do not be called a slanderer, and do not ambush with your tongue;

aLacking in Gk bPerhaps pleasant speech

for upon the thief is shame and grievous condemnation upon the double-tongued.

15 In a great and a small matter do not remain ignorant.

And do not become an enemy instead of a 6 friend,

- for a bad name will inherit shame and reproach; thus is the double-tongued sinner.
- 2 Do not raise yourself up in your soul's deliberation, lest your strength be seized as a bull ais seized^a.
- 3 Your leaves you will devour, and your fruit you will destroy, and you will leave yourself like a withered tree.
 - An evil soul will destroy him who possesses it, and it will make him a laughingstock of enemies.
- A bsweet throatb will multiply its friends. and a well-speaking tongue will multiply courtesies.
- Let those who are at peace with you be many, but let your advisors be one in a

thousand.

- If you acquire a friend, acquire him through testing, and do not have faith in him hastily.
- 8 For there is a friend when it suits him, and he will not remain in a day of affliction.
- 9 And there is a friend who turns to enmity, and he will disclose strife to your disgrace.
- 10 And there is a friend who is a table companion, and he will not remain in a day of
 - affliction.
- 11 And among your goods he will be as you are,

and he will speak boldly to your domestics.

- 12 If you are brought low, he will be against vou,
- and he will hide himself from your face. 13 From your enemies, keep your distance, and with your friends pay heed.
- 14 A loyal friend is a sturdy shelter, and he who finds him has found a treasure.
- 15 A loyal friend is priceless, and no one can weigh his worth.
- 16 A loyal friend is life's drug, and those who fear the Lord will find him.

SIRACH 6-7

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- He who fears the Lord directs his friendship aright, because like him, so also is his fellow.
- ¹⁸ Child, from your youth welcome education, and until gray hairs you will find wisdom.
- ¹⁹ Like him who plows and him who sows approach her, and wait for her good fruits;

for in cultivation of her you will toil little, and you will soon eat of her produce.

- 20 How harsh is wisdom to the uneducated, and the cowardly will not remain with her.
- ²¹ Like a formidable stone of testing she will be upon him,
- and he will not delay to cast her aside.
 For wisdom is like her name, and she is not conspicuous to many.
- ²³ Listen, child, and accept my opinion, and do not reject my counsel.
- Put your feet into her fetters, and into her collar, your neck.
 Offer your shoulder, and carry her,
- and do not be offended at her bonds. With all your soul approach her,
- and with all your might keep her ways. Trace, and seek, and she will become known
- to you, and when you get a firm hold, do not let
 - her go.
- For in the end you will find her repose, and she will be changed into gladness for you.
- ²⁹ And her fetters will be a shelter of strength for you,
- and her collars a robe of glory. ³⁰ For a golden ornament is upon her,
- and her bonds are a blue thread. ³¹ You will wear her as a robe of glory,
- and you will put her on like a garland of joy.
- ³² If you are willing, child, you will be instructed, and if you surrender your soul, you will be clever.
- ³³ If you love to listen, you will receive, and if you incline your ear, you will be wise.
- ³⁴ Stand in a crowd of elders, and cling to their wisdom.
- ³⁵ Be willing to listen to severy godly discourse,
 and do not let proverbs of understanding escape you.
- ³⁶ If you see an intelligent person, turn to him early,
 - and let your foot wear out the thresholds of his doors.

aProbable antecedent, evil things (7.1)

Exercise your thought in the Lord's ordinances, and on his commandments continually

meditate.

- It is he who will make your heart firm, and the desire for wisdom will be given to you.
- 7 Do not do evil things, and an evil will not overtake you.
- Stay away from wrong, and it will turn away from you.
- Do not sow in the furrows of injustice, and you will not reap them^a sevenfold.
- Do not seek from the Lord authority or from a king a seat of honor.
- Do not assert righteousness before the Lord, and with a king do not display wisdom.
- Do not seek to become a judge; you might not have the strength to get rid of injustice,
- lest you have trepidation in the presence of one powerful,
 - and you shall erect an obstacle to your uprightness.
- Do not sin against a city's multitude, and do not throw yourself down in a crowd.
- Do not bind up a sin twice, for in one you will not be innocent.
- Do not say, "He will have regard for the multitude of my gifts,
 - and when I bring a gift to the Most High God, he will accept it."
- Do not be fainthearted in your prayer, and do not neglect to practice charity.
- Do not deride a person when he is embittered in spirit, for there is one who humbles and exalts.
- Do not cultivate a lie against your brother or do the same to a friend.
- Do not consent to concoct any lie, for the continuation of it results in no good.
- Do not babble in a great number of elders, and do not repeat a word in your prayer.
- Do not hate toilsome labor and tillage created by the Most High. Do not reckon yourself among the multitude of sinners;
- remember that wrath will not delay. Humble your soul greatly,
- because the punishment of the impious is fire and worm.
- Do not exchange a friend for cash or a real brother for gold of Souphir. Do not fail a wise and good wife,
- for her grace is beyond gold.

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20 Do not abuse a domestic when he truly works

 or a laborer when he gives his soul.
 ²¹ Let your soul love an intelligent domestic; do not deprive him of freedom.

- 22 Do you have cattle? Look after them, and if they are useful to you, let them remain with you.
- 23 Do you have children? Educate them, and bend their neck from youth.
- 24 Do you have daughters? Give heed to their body,
 - and do not brighten your face towards them.
- ²⁵ Give a daughter in marriage, and you will have completed a great task, and present her to an understanding man.
- 26 Do you have a wife like your soul? Do not divorce her,
 - and do not entrust yourself to her when she is hated.
- 27 With your whole heart honor your father, and a mother's birth pangs do not forget.
- 28 Remember that you were born through them and how will you repay them what they have done for you?
- ²⁹ With your whole soul, revere the Lord, and admire his priests.
- ³⁰ With your whole might, love him who made you,
 - and his ministers do not neglect.
- ³¹ Fear the Lord, and honor a priest, and give him his portion, as it has been commanded of you:
 - first fruits and aconcerning errora and gift of forearms
 - and sacrifice of sanctification and first fruits of holy things.
- 32 And stretch out your hand to a poor person in order that your blessing may be complete.
- ³³ The kindness of something given is before everyone alive,
- and do not hinder kindness for a corpse. ³⁴ Do not lag behind those who weep,
- ³⁵ Do not hesitate to visit a sick person,
- for because of such deeds you will be loved. ³⁶ In all your words, remember the end,
- and you will not ever sin.
- 8 Do not contend with a powerful person, lest you fall into his hands.
 - Do not quarrel with a rich person, lest he counter your weight;

for gold has ruined many

- and has perverted hearts of kings. Do not contend with a garrulous person, and do not heap wood on his fire.
- ⁴ Do not make fun of the uneducated, lest your ancestors be insulted.
 - Do not reproach a person when he is turning away from sin; remember that we all are subject to rebuke.
- ⁶ Do not disdain a person in his old age, for some of us, too, are growing old.
- 7 Do not rejoice over a corpse; remember that we all pass away.
- ⁸ Do not disregard a discourse of the wise, and turn to their proverbs, because from them you will learn instruction
 - and how to minister to noblemen. Do not miss out on the discourse of the
 - aged,
 - for even they themselves learned from their fathers,
 - because from them you will learn understanding and how to give an answer in time of need.
- Do not stoke a sinner's coals; do not be set afire by the fire of his flame.
- ¹¹ Do not vacate your seat before an insolent person,

lest he sit down as an ambush to your mouth.

- Do not lend to a person stronger than you, and if you do lend, be as one who has lost.
- Do not give surety beyond your ability, and if you do give surety, regard it as a paying back.
- Do not go to law with a judge, for according to his status will they judge in his favor.
- ¹⁵ With a reckless person do not travel on the road,

lest your troubles weigh you down; for he will travel as he wants to,

- and by his folly you will perish as well. With a quick-tempered person do not pick a
- fight, and do not traverse the desert with him, because bloodshed is as nothing in his eyes,

and where there is no help, he will cast you down.

- 17 With a foolish one do not consult, for he cannot cover up a secret.
- In the presence of a stranger do not do something secret,

^aI.e. a sin offering

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19	for you do not know what he will bring forth. Do not expose your heart to any person,	15
9	and do not let him return a favor to you. Do not be jealous of the wife of your bosom,	16
2	nor teach an evil lesson against yourself. Do not give your soul to a woman,	
3	to let her trample upon your strength. Do not meet with a female escort,	17
4	lest you fall into her snares. With a female strummer do not dally,	
5	lest you become caught in her endeavors. Do not ogle a maiden, lest you be made to stumble in her rebukes.	18
6	Do not give your soul to whores, lest you lose your inheritance.	1
7	Do not look around in city alleyways, and in its deserted places do not wander.	T
8	Turn an eye from a shapely woman, and do not ogle beauty belonging to another;	2
9	by a woman's beauty many have gone astray, and from it fondness flares up like a fire. With a married woman do not sit down at	3
	all, and do not feast with her at wine, lest your soul incline to her and by your blood you slip into destruction.	4
10	Do not abandon an old friend, for the recent one is not his equal; a new friend is like new wine; if it ages, you will drink it with merriment.	5
11	Do not envy a sinner's good repute, for you do not know what his undoing will be.	7
12	Do not delight in the success of the impious;	,
	remember that they will not be deemed righteous until Hades ^a .	8
13	Keep far from a person who has authority to kill, and you will not be apprehensive of the	
	fear of death, and if you approach him ^b , do not make a mistake,	
	lest he take your life. Recognize that you are treading in the midst of snares,	9
	and you are walking about on a city's battlements.	10
14	According to your strength take stock of your fellow,	11
	and consult with the wise.	12

Let your discussion be with intelligent people,
and all your exposition in the law of the Most High.
Let righteous men be your dinner
companions, and let your boast be in the fear of the
Lord.
In the hand of artisans a work will be praised,
and the people's leader is wise by his word
Feared in his city is a garrulous man,

and he who is reckless in his speech will be hated.

A wise judge will educate his people, and the rule of an intelligent person will be orderly. As the people's judge is, so also are his

- officials, and as the ruler of the city is, are all its inhabitants.
- An uneducated king will destroy his people,

and a city will be populated by the intelligence of its^b rulers.

- In the Lord's hand is the governance of the earth, and he will raise up over it the person
- useful for the time.
- In the Lord's hand is a man's success, and to a scribe's face he will add his reputation.
- For every wrong do not be angry with your neighbor, and do not do anything with acts of
- insolence. Hateful before the Lord and humans is pride,

and to both injustice is wrong. Dominion is transferred from nation to nation

- on account of injustice and insolence and money.
- [For there is nothing more lawless than love of money;] [for this person even makes his own soul a
- *commodity.*]
 How can ^cearth and ashes^c behave arrogantly?—
 ^dbecause in life I hurled his entrails^d.
 A long illness mocks a physician;
 today a king, and tomorrow he will die.
 ¹ For when a person dies,
 he inherits creeping things and beasts
 and worms.
 Did (a horigina for a human is to ash all
 - Pride's beginning for a human is to rebel against the Lord,

^aI.e. the grave ^bLacking in Gk ^cI.e. a human being ^dGk uncertain

SIRACH 10-11

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and against him who made him his heart rebels,

because pride's beginning is sin, and he who clings to it will pour out abomination.

Therefore the Lord brought on incredible attacks

- and ruined him^a completely.
- ¹⁴ Thrones of rulers the Lord brought down, and he seated the gentle in their place.
- Roots of nations the Lord plucked up, and he planted the humble in their place.
- Lands of nations the Lord ruined, and he destroyed them as far as earth's foundations.
- ¹⁷ He removed some people and destroyed them,

and he erased their memorial from earth.

- Pride was not created for human beings, nor violent anger for what is born of women.
- What kind of offspring is honorable? Human offspring.
 - What kind of offspring is honorable? Those who fear the Lord.

What kind of offspring is dishonorable? Human offspring.

What kind of offspring is dishonorable? Those who transgress the commandments.

- ²⁰ In the midst of kin their leader is honorable, and those who, in his eyes, fear the Lord.
- ^{[21} The beginning of acceptance is fear of the Lord,] [but the beginning of rejection is obduracy and arrogance.]
- ²² Guest and stranger and poor person their boast is fear of the Lord.
- 23 It is not right to dishonor an intelligent poor person,
 - and it is not proper to glorify a sinful man.
- 24 Noble and judge and ruler will be glorified, but none of them is greater than he who fears the Lord.
- Free persons will attend to a wise domestic, and a knowledgeable man will not grumble.
- 26 Do not craftily perform your task, and do not extol yourself in your time of difficulty.
- 27 Superior is a person who works and excels in all things to one who struts about extolling himself and lacks bread.
- 28 Child, in meekness give repute to your soul, and give it value according to its worth.

Him who errs against his own soul—who will vindicate?

- And who will give repute to him who devalues his own life?
- ³⁰ A poor person has repute because of his knowledge, and a rich person has repute because of his wealth.
- ³¹ He who has repute in poverty, how much more also in wealth?
 - And he who is held in disrepute in wealth, how much more also in poverty?

A humble person's wisdom will raise up his head,

- and it will seat him in the midst of nobles.
- ² Do not praise a man for his good looks, and do not loathe a man for his appearance.
- ³ Small among flying creatures is a bee, and the origin of sweet things is its produce.
- ⁴ Do not boast about the putting-on of clothes,
 - and do not exalt yourself in a day of glory,
 - because the works of the Lord are wonderful, and his works are hidden among

humans.

- Many tyrants have sat on the ground, but one not expected to was wearing a diadem.
- Many dynasts have been utterly dishonored, and people of high repute have been given over into the hands of others.
- ⁷ Before you investigate, do not find fault; reflect first, and then rebuke.
 ⁸ Before listening do not appyor
- ⁸ Before listening, do not answer, and in the middle of speaking, do not interrupt.
 ⁹ About a matter that is of no use to you do
 - About a matter that is of no use to you, do not quarrel, and in a trial of sinners, do not deliberate.
- ¹⁰ Child, let not your actions entail many things; if you multiply them^a, you will not be

held blameless, and if you pursue, you will not overtake,

- and you will not escape when you flee.
- ¹¹ There exists one who toils and struggles and hurries but is so much the more in want.
- There exists one who is sluggish and in need of assistance,
 - lacking strength and abounding in poverty,

^aLacking in Gk

728	SIRAC	H 11-	-12
	and the eyes of the Lord looked upon him for good,	29	Do not bring every person into your home, for many are the ambushes of the
	and he restored him from his low estate		deceitful.
13	and raised up his head, and many marveled at him.	30	A decoy partridge in a cage, so is the heart of an arrogant person,
14	Good things and bad, life and death,	31	and like a spy he observes a downfall. For he lies in ambush turning good things
14	poverty and wealth are from the Lord.	51	into bad,
[15	Wisdom and skill and knowledge of the law are from the Lord,]		and ^d among choice things he adds disgrace ^d .
	[affection and the ways of good works are	32	From a spark of fire coals are multiplied,
116	from him.]		and a sinful person lies in ambush for
[16	Error and darkness have been created with sinners,]	33	blood. Beware of a scoundrel—for he devises
	[and evil things grow old along with those		wicked things—
17	who take pride in evil.] The Lord's gift remains with the pious,	34	lest he deliver to you disgrace forever. Welcome a stranger, and he will twist you
	and his favor will bring success forever.	51	around in confusion
18	There exists one who becomes rich from his		and alienate you from your own.
	diligence and miserliness, and this is the portion of his	1 /	J If you do good, know for whom you do it ^e ,
4.0	recompense.	1.	and there will be gratitude for your good
19	When he says, "I have found rest, and now I will eat of my good things,"	2	deeds. Do good to a pious person, and you will
	even he does not know how time will pass		find repayment,
	by, and he will leave them to others and will		and if not from him, then from the Most
	die.	3	High. There is no good for him who persists in
20			evil
20	Stand by your covenant ^a , and attend to it, and in your work grow old.		and for him who does not willingly offer charity.
21	Do not wonder at the works of a sinner,	4	Give to the pious person, but do not assist
	but have faith in the Lord, and continue your labor,	5	the sinner. Treat the humble well, and do not give to
	because it is easy in the eyes of the Lord		an impious person;
	quickly, suddenly, to make a needy person rich.		hold back loaves of bread, and do not give to him.
22	The Lord's blessing is in the wage of a pious		lest by them he prevail over you;
	person,		for you will get twice as many bad things
	and in a short time his good pleasure flourishes.		for all the good things that you might do for him,
23	Do not say, "What is my need?	6	because also the Most High hated sinners,
	And what will be my good things from now on?"		and on the impious he will render punishment.
24	Do not say, "I have enough,		[And he is keeping them for the day of their
	and what distress will I suffer from now on?"	7	<i>punishment.</i>] Give to the good person, and do not assist
25	In a day of ^b prosperity, adversity ^b is		the sinner.
	forgotten, and in a day of ^c adversity, prosperity ^c will	8	The friend will not be punished in good things,
	not be remembered,		and the enemy will not be hidden in evil
26	because it is easy with the Lord in a day of death	9	things. In a man's good things, his enemies are in
	to give back to a person according to his	-	pain,
27	ways.		and in his evil things, a friend also will
21	An hour's misery engenders forgetfulness of luxury,	10	be separated. Never trust your enemy;
	and a person's end is a disclosure of his		for just as copper corrodes, so does his
28	deeds. Before death call no one happy,	11	wickedness. And if he is brought low and walks
	and in his children a man will be known.		stooped,
aO= -	greement bOr good things, bad things cOr bad things,	and 4	hings doorbars among chases and he sate discusses
	ing in Gk	300 <i>u</i> li	hings dPerhaps among chosen ones he sets disgrace

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trust your soul, and be on guard against him,

- and you shall be to him as one who wipes a mirror,
 - and you shall know that it was not completely tarnished.
- Do not stand him next to you, lest, having overthrown you, he stand in your place;
 - do not seat him at your right,

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- lest he seek your seat, and at last you will understand my words and be pricked by my sayings.
- ¹³ Who will pity a charmer bitten by a snake, or all who approach wild beasts?—
- 14 so the one who goes near a man who sins and one who gets mixed up in his sins.
- ¹⁵ For a time he will remain with you, and if you falter, he will not be steadfast.
- ¹⁶ With his lips the enemy will speak sweetly, and in his heart he will plan to throw you into a trench.
 - With his eyes the enemy will weep, and if he finds an opportunity, he will not be sated with blood.

¹⁷ If harm meets you, you will find him there ahead of you,

- and pretending to help, he will trip your heel.
- He will shake his head and clap his hands and whisper many things and alter his face.
- 13 He who touches pitch will become dirty, and he who associates with a proud person will become like him.
- Do not lift what is too heavy for you, and do not associate with one stronger and richer than you.
 - How will a clay pot associate with a cauldron?
 - The former will strike against, and the former will be smashed.
- ³ A rich person did wrong, and he was angry to boot;
 - a poor person has been wronged, and he will plead.
- 4 If you are useful, he will work with you, and if you are in want, he will abandon you.
- ⁵ If you have something^a, he will live with you,

and he will clean you out, and he will not suffer.

⁶ He has need of you and will deceive you and will smile at you and will give you hope;

he will speak nice things to you and say, "What do you need?"

7 He will shame you with his foods until he cleans you out two or three times, and at last he will mock you;

after these things, he will see you and leave you

and will shake his head at you.

- 8 Take care that you are not led astray, and do not be humiliated by your folly.
 - When a powerful person invites you, be reserved,
- and he will invite you so much more.
 Do not be forward, lest you be rejected, and do not stand far off, lest you be forgotten.
- ¹¹ Do not aim to speak as an equal with him,
 - and do not put faith in his rather many words;

for with much talk he will test you, and as though smiling he will be examining you.

- Merciless is he who does not guard words, and he will not spare you from doing bad and imprisonment.
- Be on guard, and pay attention, because you are walking about with your own downfall.
- When you hear them in your sleep, wake up.]
 [In your entire life, love the Lord,]
 [and call upon him for your deliverance.]
- ¹⁵ Every living thing loves what is like to it, and every person his fellow.
- All flesh congregates according to kind, and with one like himself will a man cleave.
- ¹⁷ What will a wolf have in common with a lamb?—
- so is^a a sinner to a pious person.
- ⁸ What peace is there between a hyena and a dog?

And what peace between a rich person and a needy person?

- The prey of lions is onagers in the desert; thus the poor are the fodder of the rich.
 An abomination to a proud person is
 - An abomination to a proud person is humility; thus an abomination to a rich person

thus an abomination to a rich person is a poor person.

- 21 When a rich person totters, he is supported by friends, but when a humble person falls, he is
 - pushed away by friends. When a rich person staggers, many are his helpers;

he spoke things not to be spoken, and they justified him.

- A humble person staggered, and in addition they rebuked him;
 - he uttered sense, and no place was given to him.

²³ A rich person spoke, and all kept silent,

^aLacking in Gk

SIRACH 13-15

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	and they exalted his word up to the
	clouds. A poor person spoke, and they said, "Who is
	this?" And if he should stumble, they will even
24	overturn him. Wealth in which there is no sin is good,
	but in the mouths of an impious person
	poverty is wicked.
25	A person's heart changes his face, whether for good things or bad.
26	A heart's footstep in good things is a cheerful face,
	and the invention of illustrations is
	conversations along with toils.
1.	4 Happy is the man who did not slip with his mouth
2	and was not stabbed with the pain of sins.
2	Happy the one whose soul has not condemned him ^a
	and who has not lost his hope.
3	For a petty man wealth is not good,
	and to a begrudging person—why is there money?
4	He who constrains his appetite collects for others,
	and with his goods others will live
5	luxuriously. He who is evil to himself, to whom will he
	be good? And he will never be gladdened by his
6	money. There is none worse than he who begrudges
0	himself,
7	and this is repayment for his evil. Even if he acts well, he does it with
	forgetting, and in the end he reveals his evil.
8	Wicked is the one who is grudging with the
	eye, when he turns away his ^a face and
9	overlooks souls. The eye of the greedy is not satisfied with a
	portion,
10	and wicked injustice withers the soul. An evil eye is envious over bread,
	and it is lacking on his ^b table.
11	Child, even as you have, treat yourself well,
12	and bring offerings to the Lord worthily. Remember that death will not tarry,
	and the covenant of Hades has not been shown to you.
13	Before you die, treat a friend well,
	and, according to your strength, reach out, and give to him.
14	Do not withdraw from a good day, and do not let a share of a good desire
	pass you by.

Will you not leave behind your toils	to
another	

and your toils to division by lot? Give, and take, and deceive your soul, because in Hades there is no seeking of luxury.

- All flesh becomes old like a garment, for the covenant of old is, "By death you shall die!"
- Like a sprouting leaf on a thickly leaved tree, some it sheds, but others it puts forth; so is a generation of flesh and blood,
 - the one dies and the other is born.
- Every decaying deed ceases, and the one who does it will pass away with it.
- Happy is the man who will meditate on wisdom and who will converse with his understanding.
- He who considers her ways in his heart also will reflect on her obscurities.
- Go out after her like a tracker, and in her entrance-ways lie in wait!
- He who peers through her windows also will listen at her doorways.
- He who lodges near her house also will pitch a peg in her walls.
- He will set his tent ^caccording to her hand^c, and he will lodge in a lodging place of good things.
- He will place his children in her shelter, and under her boughs he will encamp.
- 27 He will be sheltered by her from heat, and in her glory he will lodge.
- He who fears the Lord will do it^d,
- 1 D and he who has a hold on the law will lay hold of her. 2 And she will come to meet him like a
 - And she will come to meet him like a mother, and like a woman of maidenhood, she
 - will welcome him.
 - She will feed him bread of understanding, and water of wisdom she will give him to drink.
 - He will be propped up on her and will not ^elie down^e,
 - and he will attend to her, and he will not be put to shame.
 - And she will exalt him above his fellows, and in the midst of an assembly she will open his mouth.
 - Gladness and a garland of rejoicing and an everlasting name will he inherit.
 - Witless people will never lay hold of her, and sinful men will never see her.
 - She is far from arrogance,
 - and lying men will never remember her. A song of praise is not proper in the mouth of a sinner,

aLacking in Gk bOr its cI.e. as she directs dAntecedent unclear eOr fall

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SIRACH 15-16

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because it has not been apportioned by the Lord.

- ¹⁰ For in wisdom a song of praise will be uttered, and the Lord will make it prosper.
 - Do not say, "On account of the Lord I fell
 - away," for what he hates, he will not do.
- ¹² Do not say, "It was he who led me astray," for he has no need of a sinful man.
- Every abomination the Lord hated, and it^a is not beloved to those who fear him.
- 14 It was he who from the beginning made humankind,

and he left him in the hand of his deliberation.

- ¹⁵ If you want to, you shall preserve the commandments,
 - and to keep faith is a matter of good pleasure.
- He has set aside for you fire and water, to whichever you want, you shall stretch out your hand.
- Before humans are life and death, and whichever one he desires will be given to him,
- because great is the wisdom of the Lord; he is mighty in dominance and one who sees everything.
- ¹⁹ And his eyes are on those who fear him, and he will know every human deed.
- 20 He did not command anyone to be impious,
 - and he did not give anyone leave to sin.
- 16 Do not desire a multitude of useless children,
- and do not be glad over impious sons. If they multiply, do not be glad over them unless the fear of the Lord is with them.
- ³ Do not have faith in their life,
 - and do not be intent on the multitude of them.
 - [For you will groan in untimely mourning,] [and suddenly you will know of their end.]
 - For better is one than a thousand, and to die childless rather than to have impious children.
- 4 For by one intelligent person a city will be peopled,
 - but a tribe of lawless people will be left without^b.
- 5 Many such things has my eye seen, and more mighty things than these has my ear heard.
- 6 In a gathering of sinners a fire will blaze out,
 - and in a disobedient nation wrath has blazed out.

^aI.e. *abomination* ^bI.e. *without a city*

- He did not propitiate for the ancient giants, those who revolted in their strength.
- He did not spare the neighbors of Lot whom he loathed on account of their arrogance.
- He did not have mercy on a nation of destruction,
 - those carried away by their sins. [All these things he did to hard-hearted
 - nations,] [and by the multitude of his holy ones he was not entreated]
- even so six hundred thousand foot soldiers, those assembled in their hardness of heart.
 - [In flogging, showing mercy, striking, healing,] [the Lord watched closely with compassion and instruction.]
- Even if there might be one stiff-necked person, it would be a wonder if he would go

it would be a wonder if he would go unpunished;

for mercy and wrath are with him, a dynast of propitiations and pouring out wrath.

- According to his great mercy, so also is his reproof; he will index a men according to his
 - he will judge a man according to his deeds.
- A sinner will not escape with booty, and the endurance of the pious will never fail.
- He will make a place for every act of charity;
- each will get according to his deeds. [15 The Lord hardened Pharao so that he did not know him]
 - [so that his actions might be known to what lies beneath the sky.]
- [16 To all creation is his mercy manifest,] [and his light and darkness he apportioned to Adam.]
- ¹⁷ Do not say, "I will be hidden from the Lord
 - and from on high who will remember me?"
 - Among a great many people I will not be known;
 - for what is my soul in an immeasurable creation?
- Look, the sky and the sky of the sky, abyss and earth will totter at his visitation.
 [The entire world, past and present, is in his
 - will.] At once the mountains and the foundations of the earth are being shaken together with trembling
 - when he looks at them. And to them the heart will give no
- ²⁰ And to them the heart will give no thought—

RACH 16-17

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21	and his ways who has pondered? And a tempest there is, which person shall not see—
22	and most of his deeds are in secret. Acts of justice who will announce, or who will await? For the covenant is far
23	off. [And an examination for all is at the end.] One who is lacking in heart thinks these things, and a foolish and misled man thinks foolish things.
24 25	Listen to me, child, and learn knowledge, and to my words apply your heart. I will disclose instruction by fixed standard, and with accuracy I will declare knowledge.
26	In the Lord's creation are his works from the beginning.

- and from the making of them he defined their portions.
- 27 He put in order their tasks forever and their rule for their generations; they neither hungered, nor did they grow weary,
 - and they did not abandon their tasks.
- 28 Each one did not crowd its fellow, and they will not ever disobey his dictum.
- 29 And after these things, the Lord looked upon the earth,
- and he filled it with his good things. 30 With the soul of every living thing he covered its face, and into it is their return.

The Lord created a human being out of earth.

and he returned him into it again.

2 He gave them days in number and a fixed time,

and he gave them authority over the things upon it.

3 He clothed them in a strength like himself,

and in his image he made them.

- 4 He placed the fear of him^a upon all flesh, even to have dominion over beasts and birds.
- [5 They received use of the five faculties of the Lord,
 - [but, apportioning a sixth, he gave to them the gift of mind,]
 - [and the seventh, reason, the interpreter of his faculties.]
 - Deliberation and a tongue and eyes, ears and a heart for thinking he gave them.
- 7 With knowledge of understanding he filled them,

and good things and bad he showed to them

- He put the fear of him upon their hearts, to show them the majesty of his works. [He allowed that they boast of his wonders through ages.]
- And they shall praise a name of holiness in order to recount the majesties of his works.
- He set before them knowledge, and a law of life he allotted to them [in order to be mindful that those who exist now are mortal.]
- A perpetual covenant he established with them,
- and his judgments he showed to them. Majesty of glory their eyes saw,
- and the glory of his voice their ear heard. And he said to them, "Be on guard against
 - all wrong," and he commanded each of them concerning his fellow.
- Their ways are before him always; they will not be hidden from his eyes.
- [16 Their ways from youth are upon evil things,] [and they were not strong enough to make their hearts of flesh] [rather than of stone.]
- 17 [For in the division of the nations of the entire earth,]
 - for each nation he appointed a leader, and the Lord's portion is Israel,
- [18 whom, being the firstborn, he nurtures with instruction,]
 - [and allotting the light of love, he does not neglect him.]
 - All of their works are before him like the sun,
 - and his eyes are continually upon their wavs.
- 20 Their injustices were not hidden from him, and all their sins are before the Lord.
- 21 But the Lord, being kind and knowing his formation,]
 - [neither neglected them nor forsook sparing them.]
 - A man's charity is like a signet with him, and a person's kindness he will preserve like the apple of his eye, [apportioning repentance to his sons and daughters.]
 - After these things he will arise and repay them,
 - and their repayment he will deliver upon their head.
 - Except to those who repented he granted a return,

and he exhorted those who were abandoning hope.

Turn back to the Lord, and leave sins behind:

aI.e. the first human

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SIRACH 17-18

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petition in person, and minimize the offense.

26 Return to the Most High, and turn away from injustice,

[for he will guide out of darkness into the light of health,]

- and intensely hate abomination.
- 27 Who will sing praises to the Most High in Hades
 - instead of the living and those who give thanks?
 - From a corpse, since it does not exist, acknowledgement has perished; a living and healthy person will praise the Lord.

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- 29 How great is the charity of the Lord and his propitiation to those who turn back to him.
- ³⁰ For not all things are able to be among humans,
 - because a son of man is not immortal.
- ³¹ What is brighter than the sun? Even this thing fails.
 - And flesh and blood will ponder evil. It is he who reviews the power of the sky's
 - height, and all human beings are earth and ashes

18 He who lives forever created everything in common.

The Lord alone will be justified, [*and there is no other beside him*,]

- [³ he who steers the world with the span of his hand,]
 - [and all things obey his will,] [for he is king of all things by his power,] [separating among them holy things from profane.]
- 4 He has permitted no one to announce his works—

and who can search out his majestic deeds?

- The power of his greatness who will enumerate?
 - And who will add to recount his mercies? It is impossible to diminish or to increase
 - them^a, and it is impossible to search out the wonders of the Lord.
- 7 When a person finishes, then he is beginning,
 - and when he stops, then he will be at a loss.
- 8 What is a human being, and what is his use? What is his good, and what is his evil?
 9 The number of a percent's days is as many as
 - The number of a person's days is as many as a hundred years, [but indeterminable by all is the sleep of each
- ¹⁰ Like a drop of water from the sea and a grain of sand,

so are a few years in a day of eternity.

- ¹¹ For this reason the Lord was long-suffering with them,
 - and he poured out his mercy upon them. He saw and knew their end, that it is

grievous; for this reason he multiplied his propitiation.

- A person's mercy is upon his fellow, but the mercy of the Lord is upon all flesh,
 - when he corrects and instructs and teaches and turns as a shepherd does his flock.
 - He shows mercy to those who accept discipline and who hasten to his judgments.
- ¹⁵ Child, do not allow reproach among good deeds
- nor pain of words with every giving.
 Does not dew mitigate scorching heat? So better a word than a gift.
- 17 Look! Does not a word exceed a good gift? And both are with a man who has been favored.
- A foolish person will upbraid ungraciously, and the giving of a grudging person melts eyes.
- ¹⁹ Before speaking, learn, and before illness, take care of yourself.
- 20 Before judgment, examine yourself, and in the hour of scrutiny you will find propitiation.
- 21 Before you fall ill, humble yourself, and in a time of sinful actions demonstrate repentance.
- 22 Do not be hindered from repaying a vow appropriately, and do not wait until death to be vindicated.
- 23 Before making a vow, prepare yourself, and do not be like a person who tempts the Lord.
- 24 Be mindful of wrath in days of death and of a time of vengeance ^bin the turning away of a face^b.
- ²⁵ Be mindful of a time of hunger in a time of plenty,
 - of poverty and want in days of wealth. From morning until evening opportunity changes, and all things are swift^c before the Lord.
- 27 A wise person will be cautious in everything, and in days of sins he will take heed against error.
- 28 Every intelligent person recognized wisdom, and to him who finds her she^d will give acknowledgment.
- 29 Persons who are intelligent with words also became wise themselves,

aLacking in Gk bOr when he turns away (his) face cPerhaps fleeting dPossibly he

SIRACH 18-19

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and they poured forth apt proverbs.
[Better is confidence in a single master]
[than clinging with a dead heart to a dead
one.]

SELF CONTROL

- After your desires do not go, and from your appetites restrain yourself.
 If you furnish your soul with consent for
 - desire, it will make you a laughingstock of your enemies.
- ³² Do not be glad in great luxury; do not be made needy by its contact.
- ³³ Do not be made needy by its contact.
 ³³ Do not become poor by feasting out of borrowing, and you have nothing in your pocket.
 [For you will be plotting against your own life.]
- 19 A drunken worker will not become rich, and he who despises few things will fall little by little.
- Wine and women will mislead intelligent men,
 - and he who joins himself to prostitutes will be more reckless.
- ³ Decay and worms will take possession of him,

and a reckless soul will be carried off.

- ⁴ He who trusts quickly is light in heart, and he who sins will do wrong to his soul.
- ⁵ He who is gladdened by wickedness will be condemned,
 - [but he who withstands pleasures crowns his life.]
- 6 [*He who controls the tongue will live without strife*,]
 - and he who hates discussion will be lacking in heart.
- 7 Never repeat a word, and nothing will be lacking to you.
 - Among friend and foe do not describe, and unless it is a sin for you, do not disclose.
- Suppose hea has heard you and kept watch on you
 - and in time will hate you.
- ¹⁰ Have you heard a word? Let it perish along with you.
 - Be brave! It will never make you burst.
- 11 From a word, a foolish person will go into labor pains,
 - as does she who is giving birth from a babe to be born.
- 12 An arrow stuck in a thigh of flesh, so is a word in the gut of a foolish person.
- 13 Question a friend; perhaps he didn't, and if he did something, lest perchance he add.
- ^aI.e. *friend* or *foe* ^bI.e. *intentional* ^cI.e. *toothy laugh*

- Question your fellow; perhaps he didn't say,
- and if he has said, lest he repeat. Question a friend, for ofttimes it becomes
- slander, and do not believe every word.
- There exists one who slips, and it is not ^bfrom the soul^b—

and who has not sinned with his tongue?

- Question your fellow before threatening, and give a place to the law of the Most High.
- [18 Fear of the Lord is the beginning of acquisition,] [and wisdom secures affection from him.]
- [¹⁹ Knowledge of the Lord's commandments is education for life,]
 - [and those who do things pleasing to him will enjoy the fruits of the tree of immortality.]
 - All wisdom is fear of the Lord, and in all wisdom there is doing of the law
 - [and knowledge of his omnipotence.] When a domestic says to a master, "I will not do what pleases you,"]
 - [if after these things he does, he angers him who supports him.]
 - There is no wisdom that is knowledge of wickedness,
 - and there is no prudence in advice of sinners.
 - There is cleverness that is also an abomination,
 - and there is a fool lacking in wisdom. Better is a fearful person inferior in
 - intelligence than one superior in prudence and transgressing the law.
 - There exists exact cleverness that is also unjust,
 - and there is one who perverts a favor in order to produce a judgment, [and he who deems righteous is wise in
 - *judgment.*] There is one who acts wickedly, bent down
 - with blackness, and what is inside him is full of treachery.
 - As he lowers face and feigns deafness, when no one observes, he will outrun you.
 - And if by lack of strength he is prevented from sinning,
 - if he finds opportunity, he will do evil. From appearance a man will be
 - recognized, and from a meeting in person a rational person will be recognized.
 - A man's clothing and a claughter of teeth^c and a person's gait will announce things about him.

SIRACH 20-21

- **2** \cap There is questioning that is not timely,
- 20 and there is one who keeps silent, and he is prudent.
- ² How good it is to question rather than to be angry.
- ³ And he who admits freely will be kept from disparagement.
- A eunuch's desire to violate a girl thus is he who makes judgments by force
- 5 There exists a person who keeps silent, who is found to be wise,
 - and there is one who is hated from much talk.
- 6 There exists one who keeps silent, for he does not have an answer, and there is one who keeps silent, since
 - he knows the proper time. A wise person will be silent until a proper time,

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- but the swaggerer and fool overstep a proper time.
- 8 He who is excessive with speech will be loathed,
 - and he who pretends to authority will be hated.
 - [How good that when one is rebuked, one shows repentance,] [for thus shall you escape willful sinning.]
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- 9 A man has success in evil things, and there is a windfall resulting in loss.
- ¹⁰ There exists giving that will not profit you, and there exists giving of which the repayment is double.
- There exists loss for the sake of reputation, and there exists a person who from a low estate raised his^a head.
- ¹² There exists a person who buys much for a little
 - and pays for it seven times.
- ¹³ The wise person will make himself beloved in a few things, but favors of foolish ones will be poured
- out. A gift of a fool will not profit you, [and likewise also that of a grudging person on account of his compulsion,] for his eyes are many instead of one.
- ¹⁵ He will seldom give and reproach often, and he will open his mouth like a herald;
 - today he will lend and ask back tomorrow;
 - such a person is hateful.
- ¹⁶ A foolish person says, "I do not have a friend,
 - and there is no gratitude for my good deeds."
 - Those who eat his bread are mean in tongue.
- 17 How often and how many will ridicule him?

^aLacking in Gk ^bOr bribes

- [For he has not received what he has with true feeling,] [and what he does not have similarly is indifferent to him.]
- A slip on the ground rather than of the tongue;
 so the downfall of evil persons will come speedily.
- An ungracious person, an untimely story, it will persist in the mouth of the uneducated.
- 20 An illustration from the mouth of a foolish person will be rejected, for he will not tell it at its proper time.
- 21 There exists a person who is prevented from sinning by indigence, and in his rest he will not be bewildered.
- ²² There exists a person who destroys his life through shame,
- and he will destroy it due to a fool.
 There exists a person who promises to a friend a favor out of shame and made him an enemy to no purpose.
- A lie is an evil blemish on a person; it will persist in the mouth of the uneducated.
- ²⁵ Preferable is a thief over one who persists in a lie,
- but both will inherit destruction.
 A lying person's character is dishonor,
 - and his shame is constantly with him.

ILLUSTRATIVE SAYINGS

- ²⁷ The wise person will apply himself in few things,
- and a prudent person will please nobles.
 - He who tills the soil will raise up his heap, and he who pleases nobles will atone for injustice.
- 29 Friendly gift and presents^b blind the eyes of wise persons,

and like a muzzle on a mouth they turn away reproofs.

- ³⁰ Hidden wisdom and unseen treasure, what profit is there in both?
- ³¹ Better is a person who hides his foolishness
- than a person who hides his wisdom. ³² Better is implacable endurance in seeking the

Lord] [than a spurious charioteer of one's own life.]

1 Child, you sinned; do not add any longer,

- and concerning your former ones petition. As from before a snake, flee from sin,
- for if you approach, it will bite you; it's teeth are lion's teeth,

destroying people's lives.

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³ All lawlessness is like a two-edged sword; for its wound there is no healing.

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- Consternation and insolence will desolate wealth;
 - so an arrogant person's house will be uprooted.
- ⁵ A poor person's petition is from the mouth to his^a ears,
 - and his judgment comes speedily. One who hates reproof is in the footstep of
 - a sinner, and he who fears the Lord will turn with
 - the heart. Known from afar is he who is mighty in
 - tongue, but he who is sensible knows when he makes a slip.
- 8 He who builds his house with others' money is like one who gathers his stones for a
 - burial mound. A gathering of the lawless is bundled flax,
- and a flame of fire is their end.
- ¹⁰ A way of sinners is leveled out of stones, and at its end is a hole of Hades.
- ¹¹ He who keeps the law gains mastery over the object of his thought, and consummation of the fear of the Lord is wisdom.
- He who is not clever shall not be instructed, but there is a cleverness that increases bitterness.
- A wise person's knowledge will increase like a flood,
- and his counsel is like a spring of life.
 ¹⁴ The inward parts^b of a foolish person are like a broken vessel, and he will not master any knowledge.
- ¹⁵ A wise word—if one who understands hears it,
 - he will praise it and will add to it. He who lives luxuriously heard and was displeased with it,
- and he turned it aside behind his back.
 A foolish person's explanation is like a burden on a journey,
 - but upon the lips of an intelligent person grace will be found.
- The mouth of a prudent person will be sought in an assembly, and his words they will ponder in their^b heart.
- ¹⁸ Like a house that has been razed, so is wisdom to a foolish person, and an ignorant person's knowledge is meaningless words.
- ¹⁹ On a thoughtless person's feet education is fetters,

aI.e. God's ^bLacking in Gk ^cOr *discipline*

and like manacles on one's right hand.

A foolish person raises his voice in laughter, but a clever man will scarcely smile in

silence.

- Like a golden ornament is instruction to a prudent person, and like a bracelet on the right arm.
- A foolish person's foot is quick into a house, but an experienced person will feel restraint in front.
- A fool peeks into a house from a door, but an educated man will stand outside.
- 24 It is lack of education for a person to listen at a door, but a prudent person will be weighed

down by dishonor.

- ²⁵ Lips of strangers will tell tales with these things, but the words of prudent persons will be
 - placed on a scale. In the mouth of foolish persons is their
 - heart, but in the heart of wise persons is their mouth.
 - When an impious person curses the satan, he curses his own soul.
 - He who whispers defiles his own soul, and he will be hated in a neighborhood.
- 22 A sluggard has been compared to a filthy stone,
 - and everyone will hiss at his dishonor. A sluggard has been compared to cow dung
 - of dunghills; everyone who picks it up will shake off his^b hand.
 - A father's shame is in engendering an ineducable son^b, but a daughter is born at a loss.
 - A prudent daughter will obtain a husband of her own,
 - and she who is put to shame is as a grief for a begetter.
 - The impudent woman shames father and husband,
 - and she will be held in dishonor by both of them.
 - Untimely narration is music during mourning, but whips and instruction^c are wisdom at
 - any time. Children who have a rearing in a good life

[will hide the lowly birth of their own begetters.]

[8 Children who take pride in contempt and lack of instruction]

[sully the good birth of their own family.]

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- ⁹ He who teaches a foolish person is one gluing together a potsherd, one arousing a sleeper out of a deep sleep.
- ¹⁰ He who recounts to a foolish person is recounting to one who is drowsy, and at the conclusion he will say, "What is it?"
- ¹¹ Weep over a corpse, for he has left the light,
 - and weep over a foolish person, for he has left understanding behind. Weep sweetly over a corpse, because he died,
 - but the life of the foolish person is a sorry plight beyond death.
- 12 Mourning for a corpse is for seven days, but for a foolish and impious person, it is all the days of his life.
- ¹³ Do not increase speech with a fool, and do not go to an unintelligent person; [for when a person is without sense, he will bring to nothing everything of yours;]
 - keep away from him, lest you have trouble, and you will not be sullied by his shaking off;
 - stay clear of him, and you will find rest, and you will never be wearied by his madness.
- What will be heavier than lead? And what name does he have but "foolish person"?
- ¹⁵ Sand and salt and a lump of iron are easier to bear than an unintelligent person.
- ¹⁶ A tie-beam fastened into a building will not be loosed by an earthquake; so a heart firmly set upon a thought from counsel
- will not be afraid at any time. ¹⁷ A heart fixed upon thoughtful understanding is like an engraved ornament on a
- smooth wall.
 Pebbles lying on a high surface will never endure against a wind;
 - so a heart in dread at the thought of a foolish person will never endure against any fear.
- ¹⁹ He who pricks an eye will draw down tears, and he who pricks a heart brings to light feelings.
- ²⁰ He who throws a stone at birds scares them off,

and he who insults a friend dissolves a friendship.

- If you draw a sword on a friend, do not despair, for a way back is possible.
- ²² If you open your^a mouth against a friend,

be not concerned, for reconciliation is possible—

- with the exception of reproach and arrogance and revealing a secret and a treacherous blow in these cases any friend will flee.
- 23 Gain your fellow's trust in poverty so that in his prosperity you may be filled as well;
 - in a time of distress stay with him so that in his inheritance you may be a joint heir.
 - [For one should not always despise the outline,] [nor is a rich person admirable when he has no purpose.]
 - Preceding a fire there are a furnace's vapor and smoke;

so preceding bloodshed there are abuses.

- ²⁵ I will not be ashamed to shelter a friend, and from before him I will never hide.
- 26 And if bad things will happen to me on his account, everyone who hears will guard against him.
- 27 Who will grant a guard upon my mouth and a shrewd seal upon my lips, lest I fall because of them and my tongue destroy me?
- 23 O Lord, Father and Master of my life, do not abandon me to their design, and do not let me fall among them.
 - Who will set whips upon my thought and discipline of wisdom upon my heart
 - so that they might not spare my faults of ignorance
 - and he shall not let their sins go? that my acts of ignorance may not be
 - multiplied, and my sins may increase, and I will fall before my adversaries, and my enemy will rejoice over me. [Far from them is the hope of your mercy.]
- 4 O Lord, Father and God of my life,
 - do not give me a lifting up of eyes,
 - and turn desire away from me. Let not the belly's appetite and sexual intercourse seize me, and do not give me over to a shameless
 - soul.

DISCIPLINE OF THE MOUTH Listen, children, to discipline of the mouth, and he who observes it will never be caught.

By his lips a sinner will be seized,

^aLacking in Gk

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- and an abusive person and an arrogant person will be made to stumble by them.
- Do not accustom your mouth to an oath, and do not become used to the naming of the Holy One.
- ¹⁰ For just as a domestic who is constantly scrutinized
 - will not be wanting for a bruise, so also he who swears and always speaks the
 - name will never be cleansed from sin.
 - A man of many oaths will be full of
 - lawlessness, and a scourge will not depart from his house:
 - if he errs, his sin is upon him, and if he disregards it, he has sinned doubly,
 - and if he swore in vain, he will not be justified,
 - for his house will be full of distress.
- ¹² There is a way of speaking that compares with death;
 - let it not be found in the inheritance of Iakob;
 - for all these things shall stand away from the pious,
 - and they shall not wallow in sins.
- Do not let your mouth become used to lewd want of education, for there is in it a word of sin.
- Remember your father and mother, for you sit in council among nobles, lest you forget yourself before them and act foolishly by your habit, and you will wish that you were never born,
 - and you will curse the day of your birth. A person who is accustomed to words of
 - reproach, in all his days, will never be instructed.
- ¹⁶ Two kinds multiply sins, and a third will bring on wrath. A hot temperament like a burning fire will never be quenched until it is consumed;
 - a person who is sexually promiscuous with ^athe body of his flesh^a
 - will never cease until a fire burns out.
- ¹⁷ To a sexually promiscuous person all bread is sweet;
 - he will never grow weary until he dies.
- 18 There is a person who transgresses against his bed, saying in his soul, "Who will see me?
 - Darkness surrounds me, and the walls will hide me,
 - and no one will see me. Why am I discreet? The Most High will never remember my sins."

- And people's eyes are his fear,
 - and he was unaware that the eyes of the Lord
 - are ten thousand times brighter than the sun,
 - as they look upon all the ways of human beings
- and as they look into obscure parts. Before all things were created, they were
 - known to him, so also after they were completed.
- This one will be punished in the streets of the city,
 - and when he did not suspect it, he will be seized.
- ²² So also a woman when she leaves her husband
 - and presents an heir by another. Now, first, she disobeyed the law of the Most High,
 - and second, she committed a wrong against her husband,
 - and third, she committed adultery by an illicit act
 - and presented children by another man. She herself shall be brought out into an
 - assembly, and there will be a visitation on her
 - children. Her children will not spread out into a
 - root, and her branches will not bear fruit.
- ²⁶ She will leave behind her memory for a curse, and her reproach will not be blotted out.
 - And those who are left behind will know that nothing is better than fear of the Lord,
 - and nothing is sweeter than to heed commandments of the Lord.
- [²⁸ It is a great glory to follow God,] [and for you to be received by him is length of days.]

PRAISE OF WISDOM

- Wisdom will praise her soul,
- and in the midst of her people she will boast.
 In an assembly of the Most High she will
 - In an assembly of the Most High she will open her mouth,
 - and before his power she will boast.
 - "I came forth from the mouth of the Most High,

and like a mist I covered earth. I encamped in the heights,

- and my throne was in a pillar of cloud. A circle of sky I encircled alone,
- and in the deep of abysses I walked.
- In the waves of the sea and in all the earth and in every people and nation I led.
- With all these I sought repose, and in whose inheritance I would settle.

^aI.e. his own flesh and blood

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SIRACH 24-25

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- 8 "Then the creator of all commanded me, and he who created me put down my tent
 - and said, 'Encamp in Iakob,
- and in Israel let your inheritance be.
 ⁹ Before the age, from the beginning, he created me,
- and until the age I will never fail. ¹⁰ In a holy tent I ministered before him,
- and thus in Sion I was firmly set. In a beloved city as well he put me
- down, and in Ierousalem was my authority.
- And I took root among a glorified people, in the portion of the Lord is my inheritance.
- ¹³ "Like a cedar I was raised up in Lebanon, and like a cypress in the mountains of Haërmon.
- Like a palm I was raised up in Aiggada, and like rosebushes in Iericho, like a good-looking olive tree in a plain,
- and I was raised up like a plane tree. Like cinnamon and camel's thorn for
 - spices^a, and like choice myrrh I gave forth a fragrance,
 - like galbanum and onycha and stacte and like the vapor of frankincense in a tent.
- I, like a terebinth, spread out my branches, and my branches were branches of glory
 - and grace.
- I7 I, like a vine, budded forth favor, and my blossoms were the fruit of glory and wealth.
- [¹⁸ I am a mother of love that is beautiful, and of reverence]
 - [and of knowledge and of devout hope,]
 - [and I give it^b together with all my children;] [they are ever-generating, to those who are being picked by him.]
- ¹⁹ "Come to me, you who desire me, and from my produce be filled.
- ²⁰ For the memory of me is sweet beyond honey,
 - and the inheritance of me beyond a honeycomb of honey.
- 21 Those who eat me will hunger for more, and those who drink me will thirst for more.
- 22 He who obeys me will not be ashamed, and those who work with me will not sin."
- 23 All these things are the book of the covenant of the Most High God, a law that Moyses commanded us,

an inheritance for the gatherings of Iakob.

- [24 Do not cease to be strong in the Lord,]
 [and cling to him so that he might strengthen you.]
 [The Lord Almighty alone is God,]
 - [and there is no savior beside him.]
- 25 It fills wisdom like Phison and like Tigris in days of new things^c.
- 26 It supplies understanding like Euphrates and like Jordan in days of harvest,
- 27 It shines forth education like light, like Geon in days of vintage.
- 28 The first man did not complete knowing her^d,
- and so the last one did not track her out;
 for her thought was filled from the sea, and her counsel from the great abyss.
- ³⁰ And I, like a canal from a river and a water channel, issued forth into an orchard.
- I said, "I will water my garden, and I will drench my flower bed."
 And look! The canal turned into a river for me, and my river turned into a sea.
- Still I will again make education enlighten like dawn,
 - and I will shine them^e forth to far off. Still I will again pour out teaching like
 - prophecy, and I will leave it behind for generations of eternity.
- 34 See that I have not toiled for myself alone but for all who seek it^f out.

25 My soul found passion in three things, and these are beautiful before the Lord and human beings:

- harmony of brothers and friendship of fellows
 - and a wife and husband who accommodate each other.
- But three kinds my soul hates, and I was offended at their life: an arrogant poor person and a rich liar, an old adulterer lacking in understanding.
- ³ If in youth you have not gathered, how then in your old age could you find?
- 4 How beautiful a thing is judgment in grayhaired women,
 - and to discover counsel in elderly men, How beautiful is the wisdom of aged persons
 - and thought and counsel in venerable persons.

aPossibly of spices; + I gave off a fragrant smell = Ra. b Le. love that is beautiful c Le. spring d Le. wisdom e Antecedent unclear f Possibly her

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SIRACH 25-26

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6	A garland of aged persons is great
	experience,
	and their boast is fear of the Lord.

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- 7 Nine suppositions I deem happy in mya heart.
 - and a tenth I will speak with my^a tongue: a person who is glad over children, who lives and looks at the downfall of
- his enemies.
 ⁸ Happy is he who dwells with a sensible wife and who did not slip with the tongue and who did not become a slave to one unworthy of himself.
- ⁹ Happy is he who found prudence, and he who recounts to the ears of people who listen.
- ¹⁰ How great is he who finds wisdom, but there is none above him who fears the Lord.
- ¹¹ Fear of the Lord surpassed everything; he who possesses it—to whom shall he be compared?
- [12 Fear of the Lord is the beginning of loving him,]
 [but faith is the beginning of clinging to
 - him.]
- Any wound, and not a wound of the heart, and any wickedness, and not the wickedness of a woman;
- ¹⁴ any attack, and not the attack of those who hate, and any vengeance, and not the
 - vengeance of enemies.
- ¹⁵ There is no head beyond a snake's head, and there is no anger beyond a woman's anger.
- ¹⁶ I shall be content to live with lion and dragon,
- rather than to live with a wicked woman. A woman's wickedness alters her
 - appearance, and it darkens her face like a bear.
- Among his neighbors her husband will recline
- and involuntarily groaned bitter things.
 ¹⁹ Any evil is small touching a woman's evil; may a sinner's lot of befall her.
- ²⁰ A sandy ascent for the feet of an elderly man,
 - so is a garrulous woman to a quiet husband.
- Do not fall down upon a woman's beauty, and do not yearn after a woman.
 Wrath and shamelessness and great disgrad
- 22 Wrath and shamelessness and great disgrace is a wife if she provides for her husband.
 - A dejected heart and a sullen face

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and a wound of the heart is a wicked wife;

- slack hands and weakened knees are from a woman who does not make her husband happy. From a woman is the beginning of sin, and because of her we all die. Do not give water an outlet nor freedom of speech to a wicked wife. If she does not walk baccording to your hands^b,
 - cut her off from your flesh^c.
- 26 Happy is the husband of a good wife, and doubled is the number of his day
 - **O** and doubled is the number of his days. A courageous wife gladdens her husband, and he will fulfill his years in peace.
 - A good wife is a good portion; she will be given as a portion to the one who fears the Lord.
 - When rich or poor, a good heart, at every moment a cheerful face!
 - Of three things was my heart wary,
 - and in the face of a fourth I was frightened: a slander by a city, an assembly of a mob and false accusation, all miserable
 - beyond death!
 - Pain of heart and sorrow is a woman who is a rival to a wife,
 - and a lash of a tongue is she who shares with everyone.
 - A chafing ox-yoke is a wicked wife; he who holds her is like him who grasps a scorpion.
 - A great wrath is a drunken wife, and her shameful conduct she will not hide.
 - A wife's fornication is in her eyes' haughty looks,
 - and it will be recognized in her eyelids.
 - Over a wanton daughter keep strict watch, otherwise when she discovers release for herself, she will use it,
 - After an impudent eye watch out, and do not be surprised if she does wrong to you.
 - When a traveler is thirsty, he will open his mouth
 - and will drink from any water that is near;
 - she will sit opposite every staked and she will open quiver to arrow.
- A wife's charm will delight her husband, and her skill will put fat on his bones.
 - A gift from the Lord is a silent wife, and there is no exchange for her disciplined soul.
 - Charm upon charm is a modest wife, and there is no standard weight good enough for a self-controlled soul.
 - When the sun rises in the heights of the Lord—

^aLacking in Gk ^bI.e. as you direct ^cI.e. divorce her ^dI.e. membrum virile

SIRACH 26-27

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also a good wife's beauty, an ornament of her home.

- ¹⁷ When a lamp shines forth upon a holy lampstand
 - also beauty of face upon stable age.
- ¹⁸ Golden pillars upon a silver base also beautiful legs upon well-balanced feet.
- [19 Child, preserve intact the prime of your adulthood,]
 [and do not give your strength to
- [20 When you have sought out a fertile plot of an entire plain,]
 - [sow your own seed confident in your excellent descent.]
- [21 Thus, your offspring, surrounding you] [and having the confidence of excellent descent, will become great.]
- [²² A hired woman will be regarded as equal to spittle,]
 - [but a married one will be regarded as a tower of death to those who use her^a.]
- [²³ An impious woman will be given as a portion to a lawless man,]
 - [but a pious woman is given to him who fears the Lord.]
- [²⁴ A shameless woman will exhaust dishonor,]
 - [but a decorous daughter will revere even her husband.]
- [25 A wanton wife will be regarded as a dog,] [but she who has shame will fear the Lord.]
- [26 A woman who honors her own husband will appear wise to everyone,] [but she who dishonors him with arrogance
 - will be known to all as impious.]
 - [Happy is the husband of a good wife,] [for the number of his years will be double.]
- [27 A loud-mouthed and talkative wife]
 [like a trumpet of war will observe a rout,]
 [and the soul of any person who lives in a manner like these]
 [will lead his life in the confusions of war.]
- 28 By two things has my heart been grieved, and by a third anger came upon me: a warrior wanting on account of indigence and intelligent men when they are treated contemptuously:
 - a person brought from righteousness to sin,
 - the Lord will prepare him for the sword.
- 29 A merchant will scarcely be delivered from wrongdoing, and a retailer will not be innocent of sin.

 $\mathbf{77}$ Many have sinned on account of cash,

- and he who seeks to increase will avert an eve.
- Between joints of stones a peg will be driven, and between selling and buying sin will
 - be wedged. If one does not hold fast in fear of the Lord,
- ³ If one does not hold fast in fear of the Lord, quickly, with speed, his house will be overthrown.
- With a shaking of a sieve, refuse remains so a person's offal in his reasoning.
 A kilp tests a potter's vessels.
- A kiln tests a potter's vessels, and a person's test is in his deliberation.
- 6 Its fruit brings to light a tree's cultivation so reasoning notions of a person's heart.
- 7 Before reasoning do not commend a man, for this is the test of people.
- 8 If you pursue what is just, you will take hold and wear it like a full-length robe of glory.
- 9 Birds will nest with those like them, and truth will come back to those who practice it.
- A lion lies in wait for prey, so sin for people who practice injustices.
- ¹¹ The narrative of a pious person is always wisdom,
 - but the fool changes like the moon. In the midst of unintelligent persons watch
 - closely for occasion, but in the midst of thoughtful persons keep going.
- The narrative of foolish persons is an offense, and their laughter is in wantonness of sin.
- Talk with much swearing will make the hair stand on end, and their strife is a stopping up of ears.
- A shedding of blood is the strife of the arrogant,

and their railing is miserable to hear.

- He who reveals secrets has destroyed trust and will never find a friend for his soul.
 - Show a friend affection, and keep faith with him,

but if you reveal his secrets, do not follow after him.

- For just as a person bdestroyed his corpseb, so you destroyed your fellow's friendship.
- ¹⁹ And as you let a bird go free from your hand,

so you let go of your fellow, and you will not catch him.

20 Do not pursue him, because he has withdrawn far off,

^aLacking in Gk ^bGk uncertain

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and he has escaped like a gazelle from a trap.

- 21 Because it is possible to bind up a wound, there is also reconciliation for abuse, but he who revealed secrets was without hope.
- 22 One who winks an eye devises evil things, and he who knows him will turn away from him.
- 23 Before your eyes his mouth will be sweet, and at your words he will be amazed, but later he will distort his mouth, and with your words he will give offense.
- ²⁴ I hated many things, and I did not become like him,
 - and the Lord will hate him.
- ²⁵ He who throws a stone high up throws on his head,
 - and a treacherous blow will open up wounds.
- 26 He who digs a hole will fall into it, and he who sets a trap will get caught in it.
- 27 He who does wickedness—it will be rolled onto him,
 - and he will never recognize whence it has come to him.
- 28 Mocking and reproach belong to an arrogant person,
 - and vengeance, like a lion, will lie in wait for him.
- ²⁹ Those who are glad at the fall of pious persons will get caught in a snare, and sorrow will consume them before their death.
- ³⁰ Ire and anger, these also are abominations, and a sinful man will have possession of them.
- 28 He who avenges will discover vengeance from the Lord,
 - and when he observes carefully, he^a will carefully observe his sins.
- Forgive your neighbor a wrong, and then, when you petition, your sins will be pardoned.
- ³ A person harbors wrath against a person and will he seek healing from the Lord?
- Does he not have mercy on a person like himself
 - and petition concerning his sins? His being flesh maintains ire—
- 6 Remember the end things, and cease to be
 - at enmity; remember^b corruption and death, and cleave to the commandments.
- 7 Remember commandments, and do not be irate with your fellow,

and remember^b the covenant of the Most High, and overlook a mistake^c.

- Refrain from strife, and you will reduce sins, for a hot-tempered person will kindle strife
- and a sinful man will disturb friends, and among people at peace he will cast slander.
- In proportion to a fire's wood, so will it burn,
 - and in proportion to the obstinacy of strife, it will increase;
 - in proportion to a person's strength, will his anger be,
 - and in proportion to his wealth, he will raise up his wrath.
- A quarrel being hastened kindles a fire, and strife in a hurry sheds blood.
- If you blow on a spark, it will flame up, and if you spit on it, it will be extinguished,
 - and both will proceed out of your mouth.
- Curse a slanderous and double-tongued person,
 - for he has destroyed many who are at peace.
- ^dA third tongue^d has shaken many and separated them from nation to nation
- and demolished strong cities and overturned the houses of nobles.
- ^dA third tongue^d has cast out courageous women and deprived them of their labors.
- He who pays heed to it will never find rest, nor will he encamp with quiet.
- A whip's blow produces a welt, but a tongue's blow will break bones.
- Many have fallen by a dagger's edge, but not like those who have fallen because of a tongue.
- Happy is the one protected from it, who has not endured in its anger, who has not dragged its yoke
- and with its fetters has not been bound. For its yoke is a yoke of iron,
- and its fetters are fetters of bronze. A wicked death is its death,
- and Hades is more advantageous than it. It will never prevail over pious persons,
- and in its flame they will not be burned. Those who forsake the Lord will fall into it, and in them it will burn, and it will never be extinguished;
 - it will be sent after them like a lion, and like a leopard it will injure them.
- ^{24a} See! Fence your property with thorns,
- ^{25b} and make for your mouth a door and a bolt.
- aI.e. the Lord bLacking in Gk cOr sin of ignorance dPossibly talk of a third party

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SIRACH 28-30

- ^{24b} Lock up your silver and gold,
- ^{25a} and make for your words a balance and a weight.
- 26 Take heed lest you slip by it; do not fall before one who lies in wait.
- 29 He who does mercy will lend to his fellow, and he who prevails with his hand keeps the commandments.
- ² Lend to your fellow in his time of need, and again pay back your fellow at the proper time.
- ³ Firmly establish a word, and be trustworthy with him,
 - and on every occasion you will find what you need.
- ⁴ Many regarded a loan as a windfall, and they caused trouble for those who helped them.

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- Until he receives it, he will kiss his hands, and about his fellow's money he lowers his^a voice,
 - and at the moment for repayment he will delay for time and will pay back words of apathy,
 - and he will blame the time.
- If he is capable, he will recover scarcely half,
 - and he will consider that as a windfall; but if not, he has defrauded him of his money,
 - and he has needlessly made him an enemy;
 - curses and insults he will repay him, and instead of glory he will repay him dishonor.
- Many turned away not because of wickedness;
 - they were wary of being defrauded needlessly.
- 8 Nevertheless, with a lowly person be patient,
 - and do not make him wait for charity.
- On account of the commandment, assist a needy person,
 - and according to his need do not turn him away empty.
- ¹⁰ Lose silver for the sake of a brother and a friend,
 - and do not let it corrode under the stone unto destruction.
- Dispose of your treasure according to the commandments of the Most High, and it will profit you more than gold.
- Store up charity in your treasuries, and it will deliver you from every
 - affliction.
- ¹³ More than a shield of might and more than a spear of weight,
 - it will fight against your enemy on your behalf.

- A good man will give surety for his fellow, and he who lost shame will abandon him.
- A guarantor's kindness do not forget, for he gave his soul on your behalf.
 A guarantor's goods a sinner will ruin
- A guarantor's goods a sinner will ruin,
 and an ungrateful person will intentionally abandon one who
- rescues.
 Surety destroyed many who were prosperous and tossed them about like a wave of the sea;
 - powerful men it exiled, and they wandered among foreign nations.
- ¹⁹ A sinner will fall into surety, and as he pursues profit-taking, he will fall into lawsuits.
- Assist your fellow according to your ability, and take care for yourself that you do not fall.
- ²¹ Life's beginning is water and bread and clothing
 - and a house for hiding indecency.
- 22 Better is the life of a poor person under a shelter of rafters than splendid foods among strangers.
- With little or much have contentment, and you will never hear reproach for being a sojourner.
- 24 It is a miserable life going^a from house to house,
 - and where you will be a sojourner, you shall not open your mouth.
- 25 You will entertain and provide drink for no thanks, and besides, you will hear bitter words
 - such as these, "Come here, sojourner; prepare a table,
 - and if there is something in your hand, feed me."
- ²⁷ "Go away, sojourner, because of good repute;

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- my brother came to me for a visit; I need the house."
- 28 These are hard things for a person with pride,
 - criticism about being a sojourner and reproach from a money-lender.

CONCERNING CHILDREN

0 He who loves his son will persist in whipping him

- so that he may be glad at his outcome.
- He who instructs his son will profit by him, and among acquaintances he will boast about him.
- ³ He who teaches his son will make his enemy envious, and before friends he will exult in him.

^aLacking in Gk

SIRACH	30 - 31
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- ⁴ His father passed away and is as though he did not die,
 - for he left behind him a person like himself.
- ⁵ In his life he saw and was glad,

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- and at his end he was not grieved. Against enemies he has left behind an
- avenger and one who repays a kindness to
 - friends.
- When one cherishes a son, one will bind up his wounds, and with every cry one's insides will be
- troubled.
 An unbroken horse turns out stubborn, and a son when given free reign turns out rash.
- ⁹ Coddle a child, and it will terrorize you; play with him, and he will grieve you.
- ¹⁰ Do not laugh together with him, lest you suffer together, and in the end you will gnash your
 - teeth.
- Do not give him license in his youth, [and do not overlook his ignorances.]
 [Band his neck in youth]
- ² [Bend his neck in youth.] Bruise his sides while he is an infant, lest, when he becomes stubborn, he will disobey you,
 - [and you will have distress of soul from him.] Instruct your son, and work with him,
- lest by his disgraceful behavior you become offended.
- Better a poor person healthy and strong in constitution
 - than a rich person scourged in his body.
- ¹⁵ Health and vigor are better than any gold, and a robust spirit than boundless worldly weal.

CONCERNING FOODS

- ¹⁶ There is no wealth better than health of body, and there is no gladness beyond joy of
- heart.
 Better death than a bitter life, and eternal repose than chronic sickness.
- ¹⁸ Good things poured out on a mouth that is shut
- are offerings of food set on a grave.¹⁹ Of what use is a fruit offering to an idol?
 - For it will neither eat nor smell.
- ⁽²⁰⁾ So is he who is banished by the Lord.
- ²⁰⁽²¹⁾ Whoever sees with the eyes and groans is like a eunuch who embraces a maiden and groans.
 - [Thus is he who makes judgments by compulsion.]
- ²¹(22) Do not give your soul to grief,
- and do not afflict yourself by your design. ²²(²³)Gladness of heart is life for a person,

- and exultation is a man's length of days. ²³⁽²⁴⁾Deceive your soul, and comfort your heart,
- and remove grief far from you.(25) For many has grief destroyed,
- and there is no advantage in it. ²⁴⁽²⁶⁾Jealousy and anger lessen days,
- and before the proper time anxiety brings old age.
- ^{25(27; 33.13b)}A cheerful and good heart at meats will take care of its food.
- $31 \stackrel{(34).1Wakefulness over wealth wastes away flesh,}{}$
- and anxiety about it removes sleep. Anxiety over wakefulness will remove sleepiness,
 - and a severe illness will carry off sleep. A rich person toiled at the accumulation of
 - money, and in rest he fills himself with his delicacies.
- A poor person toiled for a diminution of life,

and in rest he becomes needy.

- He who loves gold will not be justified, and he who pursues profits will be led astray by them.
 - Many were given over to ruin because of gold,

and their destruction has happened in front of them.

- It is a block for stumbling for those who are possessed by it,
- and every fool will be taken captive by it. Happy is a rich person who was found
- blameless and who did not go after gold. Who is he and shall we call him happy?
- For he did wonders among his people. Who has been tested by it and been made
- perfect?
 - And it will be as a boast for him. Who was able to transgress and did not transgress,

and to do evil and did not do so?

- Therefore his good things will be confirmed, and his acts of charity an assembly will recount.
- ¹² Were you seated at a great table? Do not open your throat at it.
- (13) And do not say, "Indeed how many are the things on it!"

¹³⁽¹⁴⁾Remember that a wicked eye is an evil thing.

- (15) What was created more wicked than an eye? Therefore it sends tears from a whole face
- ¹⁴⁽¹⁶⁾Do not extend a hand for whatever you see,
- (17) and do not crowd for it at a bowl.

SIRACH 31-32

- ¹⁵⁽¹⁸⁾Consider the things of your fellow ^afrom yourself^a,
- and about every matter be thoughtful. ¹⁶⁽¹⁹⁾Eat like a human being the things set before
- you, and do not chomp, lest you be hated. ¹⁷⁽²⁰⁾ Be the first to stop, due to your training,
- and do not be gluttonous, lest you give offense.
- ¹⁸⁽²¹⁾ And if you sat among rather many, do not extend your hand before they do.
- ¹⁹⁽²²⁾For the person of education the little is as enough,
 - and upon his bed he does not gasp for breath.
- ²⁰⁽²⁴⁾A sleep of health due to a moderate bowel! He rose early and his soul with him.
- ⁽²³⁾ The pain of sleeplessness and of nausea and colic are with the gluttonous man.
- ²¹(25) And if you were overpowered by foods, get up, and vomit a distance away, and you will have rest.
- ²²⁽²⁶⁾Listen, child, and do not scorn me, and in the end you will acquire my words;
- ⁽²⁷⁾ in all of your works be skillful,
- and no illness will ever come upon you. ²³⁽²⁸⁾Lips will bless a person munificent with respect to bread,
 - and trustworthy is the testimony to his fine quality.
- ²⁴⁽²⁹⁾The city will murmur about a wicked one for bread,
 - and accurate is the testimony to his wickedness.
- ²⁵⁽³⁰⁾With wine do not be macho, for wine has destroyed many.
- ²⁶⁽³¹⁾ A furnace tests steel by dipping; thus wine tests^b hearts in strife of the
- proud. ²⁷⁽³²⁾Equal to life is wine for human beings,
- if you drink it in ^cits measure^c.
- (33) What is life to one who lacks wine?(35) And it was created from the beginning for
- ⁽³⁵⁾ And it was cleated from the beginning for gladness. ²⁸⁽³⁶⁾Joy of heart and gladness of soul
- is sufficient wine drunk at the proper time.
- ²⁹⁽³⁹⁾Bitterness of soul is much wine drunk amid provocation and stumbling.
- ³⁰⁽⁴⁰⁾ Drunkenness increases a fool's temper for hurt,
 - since it reduces strength and adds wounds.
- ³¹⁽⁴¹⁾ At a banquet of wine do not reprove your fellow,
 - and do not scorn him in his gladness;
- (42) do not speak to him a word of reproach, and do not distress him with demanding repayment.

- 32 ^{(35).1} They appointed you leader; do not exalt yourself;
- be among them as one of them;
 take thought for them, and then sit down.
- ² And when you have performed all your service, recline
- (3) so that you may be merry on account of them,
 - and due to your good conduct you might receive a garland.
- ³⁽⁴⁾ Speak, O elderly person, for it is fitting for you,
- (5) with accurate knowledge, and do not interrupt the music.
- 4(6) Where there is entertainment, do not pour out talk,
 - and do not be smart at an inopportune moment.
- 5(7) A ruby seal on a gold ornament is a concert of music at a banquet of wine.
- ⁶⁽⁸⁾ An emerald seal in a gold setting is a melody of music with sweet wine.
- 7(10) Speak, O young person, if you have need,
- ⁽¹¹⁾ only twice if you were asked;
- 8(12) Summarize your speech; in a few things there are many; be as one who knows and at the same
- time one who is silent. 9(13) In the midst of nobles do not exercise authority, and where there are old men, do not
- prate about many things. ¹⁰⁽¹⁴⁾ Before thunder lightning hastens,
- and goodwill will go before a modest person.
- ¹¹⁽¹⁵⁾ Awaken in time, and do not bring up the rear;
- depart for home, and do not be idle. ¹²⁽¹⁶⁾There play, and do the things you desire, and do not sin by arrogant speech.
- ¹³⁽¹⁷⁾And in addition, bless the one who made you

and intoxicates you with his good things.

- ¹⁴⁽¹⁸⁾He who fears the Lord will accept instruction, and those who rise early will find approval.
- ¹⁵⁽¹⁹⁾He who seeks the law will be filled with it, and he who is hypocritical will stumble on it.
- ¹⁶⁽²⁰⁾Those who fear the Lord will get a verdict, and they will kindle right acts like a light.
- ¹⁷⁽²¹⁾ A sinful person will turn away reproof, and according to his will, he will find a judgment.

 $^{a}\mbox{I.e.}$ put yourself in his place $~^{b}\mbox{Lacking in Gk}~^{c}\mbox{I.e.}$ moderation

SIRACH 32-33

- ¹⁸(22)A man of deliberation will never overlook a thought;
 - the stranger and the arrogant will not cower from fear.
- ¹⁹⁽²⁴⁾Do nothing without deliberation, and do not feel regret when you have acted.
- ²⁰⁽²⁵⁾On a path of stumbling do not go,

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- and do not stumble on rocky ground.
- ²¹ Do not trust an unexplored road,
- ²²⁽²⁶⁾and guard against your children.
- ²³⁽²⁷⁾In every deed trust your soul,
 - for this as well is a means of keeping the commandments.
- ²⁴⁽²⁸⁾He who has faith in the law attends to the commandments,
 - and he who trusts in the Lord will not suffer loss.
 - $33^{(36).1}$ No evil will befall him who fears the Lord,
 - but in a test he will also be delivered in turn.
- A wise man will not hate the law, but he who is hypocritical with it is like a boat in a storm.
- ³ An intelligent person will trust in a word, and the law for him is as trustworthy
- ⁽⁴⁾ as an inquiry of the clear ones.
- ⁴ Prepare a speech, and so you will be heard; consolidate instruction, and reply.
- ⁵ The emotions of a foolish person are like a wheel of a wagon,
- and his argument is like a turning axle.
 A ahorse for breedinga is like a mocking friend;
 - underneath anyone who sits on him, he whinnies.
- 7 Why is a day superior to a day, when all the light of a day of a year is from the sun?
- 8 By the Lord's knowledge they were marked off,
- and he made seasons and feasts different. 9(10) Some of them he exalted and hallowed,
 - and some of them he established for a number of days.
- ¹⁰ And all human beings are from the ground, and out of earth Adam was created.
- ¹¹ In fullness of knowledge the Lord marked them off
 - and made their ways different.
- Some of them he blessed and exalted, and some of them he hallowed and brought near to himself; some of them he cursed and brought low and turned them out of their position.
- ¹³ Like a potter's clay in his hand,
- ⁽¹⁴⁾ to fashion it according to his liking,

so are human beings in the hand of him who made them, to repay them according to his judgment.

¹⁴⁽¹⁵⁾Good is opposite evil, and life is opposite death;

- so a sinner is opposite a pious person.
 And so look at all of the works of the Most
 - High, two by two, one opposite the other one.

¹⁶ As a last one, it was I who kept vigil,

- (30.25) as one who gleaned after the grapepickers.
- ¹⁷⁽²⁵⁾By the blessing of the Lord I arrived first, and like one who picks grapes I filled a wine vat.
- ¹⁸⁽²⁶⁾Consider that I have not labored for myself alone

but for all those who seek instruction. ¹⁹(27)Listen to me, nobles of the people,

and leaders of the assembly, give ear.

- ²⁰⁽²⁸⁾To son and wife, to brother and friend do not give authority over you in your lifetime,
 - and do not give your property to another, lest you change your mind and ask for it.
- ²¹(29) While you are still alive and there is breath in you,
 - do not exchange yourself with any flesh.
- 22(30) For it is better that your children ask of you than that you should look to the hands of your sons.
- ²³⁽³¹⁾ In all your works be one who excels; do not bring a stain on your reputation.
- ²⁴⁽³²⁾In the day of the completion of the days of your life
 - and at the moment of death, distribute an inheritance.
- ²⁵⁽³³⁾Fodder and a rod and burdens for a donkey; bread and instruction and work for a domestic.
- 26(34) Work with instruction, and you will find rest; let loose his hands, and he will seek freedom.
- ²⁷⁽³⁵⁾A yoke and a thong will bow a neck, and for a wicked domestic there are racks and tortures.
- ²⁸⁽³⁶⁾Put him to work so that he might not be unoccupied,
- ²⁹⁽³⁷⁾ for lack of work has taught much evil.
- ³⁰⁽³⁸⁾Set him to work as is fitting for him, and if he does not obey, make his fetters heavy.
 - And do not be excessive over any flesh, and without judgment do not do anything.
- ³¹(39) If you have a domestic, let him be like you, because with blood you acquired him;

- if you have a domestic, treat him like a brother,
- because you will need him like your own soul.
- ³²⁽⁴⁰⁾If you do him evil and he departs and runs away,
- ³³ on which road will you seek him?
- 34 ^{(31).1}A senseless man has empty and false hopes,
 - and dreams excite fools.
- Like one who grasps a shadow and pursues wind,
- so is he who pays heed to dreams.
 An appearance in dreams is athis against thata.
- a likeness of a face opposite a face.4 Of an unclean thing what will become clean?
- And of a false thing what will be true? 5 Divinations and omens and dreams are
 - vain, and as of a woman in labor the heart fantasizes.
- 6 Unless it has been sent from the Most High by a visitation,
 - do not give your heart to them.

- For dreams have deceived many, and persons who hope in them have fallen.
- 8 Without falsehood the law will be accomplished, and wisdom in a trustworthy mouth is completeness.
- 9 Since a man roamed, he knew many things, and he who is experienced will tell with understanding.
- ¹⁰ He who had no experience knows few things,
- ¹¹ but he who has roamed will increase cleverness.
- 12 I have seen many things in my wandering, and more than my words is my understanding.
- ¹³ Frequently I was in danger of death, and I was saved because of these things.
- ¹⁴ The spirit of people who fear the Lord will live.
- ¹⁵ for their hope is in the one who saves them.
- He who fears the Lord will be timid in nothing,
 - and he will never be cowardly, because he^b is his hope.
- ¹⁷ Happy is the soul of one who fears the Lord.
- ¹⁸ Upon whom is he intent? And who is his support?
- ¹⁹ The eyes of the Lord are upon those who love him,
 - a shield of dominance and a support of strength,

aPossibly a reflection bI.e. God cI.e. life

- a shelter from the burning heat and shade from midday,
- a guard against stumbling and a help against falling,
- 20 one who uplifts the soul and enlightens eyes, gives healing of life and blessing.
- ²¹ When one sacrifices from someone unjust, it is a blameworthy offering,
- 22 and the gifts of lawless persons are not for approval.
- 23 The Most High is not pleased with the offerings of impious persons, nor by a multitude of sacrifices does he forgive sins.
- 24 One who slaughters a son in front of his father

is he who brings a sacrifice from the property of the needy.

- ²⁵ Bread is life for the poor when they are destitute; he who withholds it^c is a person of
 - blood.
- 26 One who murders his fellow is he who takes away a way of living,
- 27 and one who pours out blood is he who deprives the wages of a hired worker.
- 28 One builds, and one tears down what did they gain more than hard labors?
- 29 One prays, and one curses to whose voice will the master listen?
- When one bathes due to a corpse and when one touches it again what did he gain by his washing?
- ³¹ So is a person when he fasts for his sins and goes again and does the same things;
 - who will listen to his prayer, and what did he gain by humbling himself?
- $35 \stackrel{(32).1}{\text{ offerings.}}$
- One who makes a sacrifice for deliverance is he who pays heed to the commandments.
- ³ One who repays a kindness is one who offers the finest flour,

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- and he who does an act of charity is one who makes a sacrifice of praise.
- A good pleasure to the Lord it is to withdraw from wickedness, and it is atonement to withdraw from injustice.
- Do not be seen empty in the presence of the Lord,
- for all these things are for the sake of a commandment.

5 I	RA	CН	35-	-36

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8	An offering of a righteous person enriches the altar,	26
	and its pleasing odor is before the Most High.	
9	A righteous man's sacrifice is acceptable, and its memorial will not be forgotten.	3
10	With ^a a good eye ^a glorify the Lord, and do not belittle the first fruit of your	2
11	hands. With every act of giving brighten your face,	3
12	and with gladness consecrate a tithe. Give to the Most High according to his	4
	giving and with ^a a good eye ^a according to that	5
13	found at hand, because the Lord is the one who repays, and he will repay you sevenfold.	5
14	Do not offer a bribe, for he will not accept it,	6 7
15	and do not be intent on an unrighteous sacrifice,	8 9
	because the Lord is judge,	10
	and with him there is no reputation of person ^b .	
16	He will not ^c receive a person ^b against a poor person ^c ,	11
	and he will listen to the petition of one who is wronged.	
17	He will never ignore an orphan's supplication,	12
	nor a widow, if she pours out speech.	(3
18	Do not a widow's tears run down upon her cheek,	(3)
19	and is not her cry against the one who drew them down?	17
20	One who serves with goodwill will be accepted,	
21	and his petition will reach to the clouds. A humble person's prayer passed through	18
	the clouds,	19
	and until it draws near, it will never relent,	
	and it will never desist until the Most High takes notice.	20
22	And he will adjudicate for righteous	
	persons and will execute judgment. And the Lord will never be slow,	21
	nor will he ever be patient regarding	
	them until he crushes the loins of unmerciful	22
23	persons and will repay vengeance upon the	
	nations, until he removes the multitude of insolent	
	persons	
	and will shatter the scepters of unrighteous persons,	23
24	until he repays a person according to his	24
	deeds and the works of human beings	24
	according to their notions,	_
25	until he judges the case of his people	25

and will gladden them with his mercy.
Timely is his mercy in a time of distress,
as are clouds of rain in a time of drought

(33).1Have mercy on us, O Master, the god

of all, and cast the fear of you upon all the nations. Lift up your hand against foreign nations, and let them see your dominance. Just as in their presence you have been made holy in us, so in our presence may you be magnified in them. And let them know you, just as also we have known that there is no god except you, O Lord. Renew signs, and change wonders; glorify hand and right arm. Raise up anger, and pour out wrath; destroy an adversary, and crush an enemy.

- Hasten the time, and remember your determination,
 - and let them recount your mighty acts. In wrath of fire let him who survives be
 - consumed, and may those who harm your people find destruction.
- 2 Crush the heads of hostile rulers who say, "There is no one except us!"
- (33).13 Gather all the tribes of Iakob,
- ^{(36).16} and give them an inheritance, as from the beginning.
- 17 Have mercy on a people, O Lord, who have been called by your name, and on Israel, whom you likened to a first born.
- 18 Have pity on the city of your holy precinct, Ierousalem the place of your rest.
- 19 Fill Sion with a celebration of your mighty acts,
 - and your shrine with your glory. Give testimony to your creations in the beginning,
 - and raise up prophecies that were in your name.
 - Give a reward to those who wait for you, and let your prophets be found trustworthy.
 - Hear, O Lord, a petition of your domestics according to your good will concerning your people,
 - and all who are upon the earth will know that you are the Lord, the God of the ages.
- 23 Any food will the stomach eat,
- but there exists food finer than food. 24 The throat makes proof of foods from a hunt:

so an intelligent heart of false words. A perverse heart will give grief,

aI.e. generosity bOr face cI.e. favor anyone over the poor

SIRACH 36-37

but an experienced person will pay him^a back.

- ²⁶ A woman will accept any male, but there exists a daughter better than a daughter.
- A woman's beauty brightens a face, and it surpasses a person's every desire.
- ²⁸ If mercy and gentleness are upon her tongue,
 - her husband is not like the sons of human beings.
- 29 He who acquires a wife makes a beginning of a possession,
 - a helper corresponding to him and a pillar of rest.
- ³⁰ Where there is no fence, property will be plundered,
 - and where there is no wife, he will groan as he wanders.
- ³¹ For who will trust an unencumbered robber as he bounds from city to city? likewise a person who does not have a nest
 - and who lodges wherever night falls.
- 37 Every friend will say, "I, too, have been a friend,"
 - but there is a friend who is a friend in name only.
- Will not grief approach unto death, when companion and friend turns into an enemy?
- ³ O evil notion, how were you involved, to cover the dry land with deceit?

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- A friend's companion delights in gladness, and in a time of distress he will be opposite.
- A companion suffers together with a friend for his stomach's sake, and in the face of battle he will take up a
- shield.
 Do not forget a friend in your soul, and do not be unmindful of him in your money.
- 7 Every counselor exalts advice, but there is one who counsels for himself.
 - Against a counselor guard your soul, and know beforehand what is his need, for he, too, will give advice for himself lest he cast a lot against you
- and say to you, "Your way is fair," and he will stand aside to see what will happen to you.
- ¹⁰ Do not consult with him who views you with suspicion,
 - and from those who are envious of you hide deliberation:
- with a woman about her rival and with a cowardly person about war, with a merchant about business
 - and with one who buys about a sale, with a slanderer about gratitude

and with an unmerciful person about generosity of heart,

- with an idle person about any work and with an annual laborer about finishing,
- with an idle domestic about a large task. Do not pay heed to these for any advice.
- But rather persevere with a pious man whom you know to be one who keeps commandments,
 - who in his soul is like your soul, and if you stumble, he will suffer with you.
- And stand by your heart's counsel, for there is nothing more faithful to you than it.
- ¹⁴ For a man's soul is accustomed to inform at times

more than seven sentinels sitting high up on a lookout.

¹⁵ And above all these, beseech the Most High

so that he may make straight your way in truth.

- ¹⁶ The beginning of every deed is discourse, and before every action is counsel.
- The track of change is the heart.
 Four destinies appear,
 - good and evil, life and death, and that which continually is lord over them is the tongue.
- 19 There exists a clever man who is an instructor of many, and to his own soul he is useless.
- There exists a person skilled in words who is hated;
- this one will be lacking any luxury.²¹ For charm has not been granted to him by
- the Lord, because he is deprived of any wisdom.
- There exists a person wise in his own soul, and the fruits of his good sense are ^bon the body^b.
- A wise man will instruct his own people, and the fruits of his understanding are reliable.
- 24 A wise man will be full of blessing, and all who see him will deem him happy.
- A man's life is in a number of days, and the days of Israel are without number.
- 26 The wise person among his people will inherit honor, and his name will live forever.
- 27 Child, during your life test your soul, and see what is bad for it, and do not give^c to it.
- 28 For not everything confers benefit to everyone,

aOr it; antecedent unclear bI.e. evident to all to see cI.e. what is bad

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SIRACH 37-38

		-
	and every soul is not pleased by everything.	17
29	Do not be greedy for every delicacy, and do not give yourself up to foods.	
30	For in much food there is illness, and gluttony will bring one near to cholera.	
31	Because of gluttony, many have died, but he who pays attention will add to life.	18
29	Honor a physician for his services,	19
2	for indeed the Lord created him. For healing is from the Most High, and he will receive a gift from a king.	20
3	A physician's skill will put up his head, and in the presence of nobles he will be admired.	21
4	The Lord created remedies out of the earth, and a prudent man will not ignore them.	22
5	Was not water made sweet from wood in order that his ^a strength might be known?	23
6	And it was he that gave skill to human beings in order to be glorified in his marvelous deeds.	
7 8	By them he ^b cured and took away his ^c pain. He who prepares unguents will make a compound with them,	24
	and his works will never be finished, and peace from him is upon the surface of the earth.	25
9	Child, in your illness do not look elsewhere, but pray to the Lord, and he will heal	
10	you. Withdraw from error, and direct your hands,	26
11	and from all sin cleanse your heart. Give a sweet-smell and a memorial of fine flour,	27
12	and enrich an offering ^d ^d . And give a physician a place, for indeed the Lord created him, and do not let him withdraw from you, for indeed there is need of him.	
13	There is a time when success is in their hands as well.	
14	For they will also petition the Lord, that he might grant them success with rest and healing for the maintenance of life.	28
15	He who sins before him who made him, may he fall into a physician's hands.	
16	Child, let your tears fall over a corpse, and as one suffering terribly begin a lament.	
	but in accordance with his decision lay out his body,	

and do not neglect hise burial.

- Make the weeping bitter and the beating fervent,
 - and make mourning according to his dignity,
 - for one day and two for the purpose of f slander,
- and be comforted for the sake of grief. For from grief issues death,
- and grief of the heart will cripple strength.
- In misery^g grief too endures, and a poor person's life is a curse of the heart.
-) Do not give your heart over to grief; withdraw from it, when you remember the end.
- Do not forget, for there is no return, and him you will not benefit, and yourself you will harm.
- Remember his judgment, because so is yours also.
- For me yesterday; for you today! In the resting of the corpse, put to rest his memorial,
 - and be comforted by it in the departure of his spirit.
- A scribe's wisdom is in the opportunity for leisure, and he who does less business, it is he

who will become wise.

- How shall he who takes hold of a plow and boasts in the shaft of a goad become wise,
 - when he drives cattle and is engaged in their tasks

and his talk is about the offspring of bulls?

- He will give his heart to producing furrows, and his sleeplessness is regarding fodder for heifers.
- So every artisan and master-artisan, who keeps going by night as by day, those who cut signets of seals,

and his patience is to diversify ornamentation;

- he will give his heart to making a painting lifelike,
 - and his sleeplessness is to complete the work.

So a smith sitting near an anvil and examining closely works of iron;

- the vapor of the fire will melt his flesh, and with the heat of a furnace he will struggle;
- a hammer's sound will renewh his ear, and his eyes are againstⁱ the pattern of the object;
- he will give his heart to completing works, and his sleeplessness is to decorate upon completion.

^aPossibly its ^bI.e. the physician ^cI.e. the patient ^dGk uncertain ^eOr its ^fPossibly to prevent ^gI.e. Perhaps a process of reasoning hPerhaps hit again and again iPerhaps right on

SIRACH 38-39

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29 So a potter sitting at his work and turning a wheel with his feet,

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who always lies down in anxiety about his work,

and every work of his is taken into account.

- With his arm he will mold clay and in front of his feet he will abend its strengtha;
 - he will give over his heart to completing the glazing^b,
 - and his sleeplessness is about cleaning the kiln.
- 31 All of these relied on their hands, and each is skilled in his work.
- 32 Without them a city will not be inhabited, and they will neither sojourn nor walk about,
 - but they will not be sought for a council of the people.
 - And they will not cleap upc in the assembly.
 - On the judge's seat they will not sit, and disposition of a legal decision they will not understand,
 - and they will never shed light on instruction and judgment,
 - and in illustrations^d they will not be found,
- 34 but they will support the foundation of an age,
 - and their need is in the execution of a craft.
 - Save for him who devotes his soul and who thinks about the law of the Most High!
- He will seek out the wisdom of all the 39 ancients,
- and he will be occupied with prophecies. He will preserve the narrative of famous men,

and he will penetrate into the twists of illustrations.

- 3 He will seek out the obscurities of proverbs, and he will be engaged with the riddles of illustrations.
 - He will serve among nobles, and he will appear in front of rulers. He will travel in the land of foreign nations, for he has tested the good and bad things in people.
- 5 He will devote his heart to rise early towards the Lord who made him, and he will petition in front of the Most High, and he will open his mouth in prayer, and concerning his sins he will petition.

6 If the great Lord wants, he will be filled with a spirit of understanding.

- He will pour forth words of his wisdom, and in prayer he will acknowledge the Lord.
- He will direct counsel and knowledge, and on his hidden things he will think.
- He will illuminate the instruction of his teaching, and in the law of the Lord's covenant he
- will boast. Many will praise his understanding, and it will never be blotted out; his memorial will not depart,
 - and his name will live for generations of generations.
- Nations will narrate his wisdom. 10 and an assembly will proclaim his praise. 11
- If he abides, he will leave behind a name greater than a thousand, and if he rests, it will be favorable for him.
- 12 Yet being so disposed, I will tell in detail, and I was filled like the full moon.
- 13 Listen to me, O devout sons, and blossom like a rose growing by a watery stream.
 - Like incense send out a sweet fragrance, and send forth a blossom like a lily. Spread abroad a voice, and praise together, and bless the Lord for all his works.
- 15 Give majesty to his name, and acknowledge with praise of him, with songs on the lips and with cinyras^e,
 - and in this manner you will speak with acknowledgement.
- 16 "All the works of the Lord, that they are very good, and every ordinance will occur in its time.
- 17 It is not possible to say, 'What is this? To what end is this?' For everything will be sought out in its
 - time. By his word water stood as a heap, and by an utterance of his mouth, reservoirs of water.
- By his ordinance is all good pleasure, 18 and there is no one who will diminish his salvation.
- 19 The works of all flesh are before him, and it is not possible to hide from his eves.
- 20 From age to age he watched, and nothing is a wonder before him.
- 21 It is not possible to say, 'What is this? To what end is this?' For all things have been created for their
 - uses.
- "His blessing has covered over like a river, 22 and like a flood it has drenched dry land.

^aPossibly make it pliable ^bOr color wash ^cI.e. gain prominence ^dPossibly legal precedents ^e = Heb kinnor = lyre

752	SIRAC	H 39-	-40
23	Thus his anger will inherit nations		even to one humbled in earth and ashes,
	as when he changed waters into salt water.	4	from one wearing blue and a garland, even to the one clothed in coarse linen—
24	His ways are straight for the devout; so for the lawless there are pitfalls.	5	there are wrath and envy and confusion and unrest
25	Good things have been created from the beginning for the good;		and fear of death and fury and strife. Even at the moment of rest upon a bed,
	so for sinners, evil things.		sleep at night confuses his knowledge.
26	The beginning of every necessity for a	6	There is as little as nothing in rest,
	human being's life		and he grows weary of that in his sleep as
	is water and fire and iron and salt and fine wheat flour and milk and honey,		he does in the day, having been troubled by a vision of his
	blood of a grape and oil and clothing.		heart,
27	All these things belong to the pious for		like one who has escaped from before
	good; so for sinners they will be turned into	7	war. At the moment of his need, he awoke,
	evil.		even marveling at fear for nothing.
	<i>"</i>	8	With all flesh, from human to animal,
28	"There exist winds ^a that have been created for vengeance,		and upon sinners seven times more than these
	and in their wrath they made firm their	9	are death and blood and strife and sword, calamities, famine and ruin and scourge.
	scourges; at a time of consummation they will pour	10	For the lawless all these things were created,
	out strength,		and because of them the flood occurred.
	and the wrath of him who made them they will abate.	11	Everything that is of earth reverts to the earth,
29	Fire and hail and famine and death,		and everything ^b of water returns to the sea.
	all these have been created for vengeance.		
30	Teeth of wild beasts and scorpions and vipers	12	Every gift and injustice will be blotted out, but good faith will stand forever.
	and a sword taking vengeance on	13	The money of the unjust will dry up like a
21	impious people for destruction.		river,
31	In his commandment they will be gladdened,		and like loud thunder in a rain storm it will crash.
	and they will be prepared for service on	14	When he opens his ^b hands, he will be glad;
	the earth,		so those who transgress will fail at the
	and at their times they will not transgress a word."	15	end. The offspring of impious persons will not
	a word.		multiply branches,
32	Therefore from the beginning I was	16	and they are foul roots upon a sheer rock.
	determined, and I thought, and I left it in writing.	10	A reed by any water and river bank will be plucked up before any grass.
33	The works of the Lord, all are good,	17	Kindness is like an orchard with blessings,
34	and every need he will supply in its hour.		but an act of charity will endure forever.
54	And it is not possible to say, "This is worse than this,"	18	The life of a self-reliant and a hard-working
	for all things will be highly esteemed at a		person will be sweet,
35	right time.		and above both is he who finds a
33	And now with a whole heart and mouth sing hymns,	19	treasure. Children and the building of a city firmly fix
	and bless the name of the Lord.		a name,
	- • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		and above both is a wife considered
- 4(A great engagement was created for every person,	20	blameless. Wine and music gladden a heart,
	and a heavy yoke is on Adam's sons		and above both is love of wisdom.
	from the day of their exit from their	21	Flute and harp make sweet melodies,
	mother's womb until the day of return to the mother of	22	and above both is a pleasant tongue. Grace and beauty the eye will desire,
	all:		and above both are the first shoots of
2	their considerations and fear of heart—	23	seed.
3	thought of apprehension, day of death. From the one sitting on a splendid throne,	23	Friend and companion meet at the right moment,
	the one online on a optendia anone,		,

^aOr *spirits* ^bLacking in Gk

SIRACH 40-41

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- and above both is a wife with a husband.
- 24 Brothers and aid are for a time of distress, and more than both an act of charity will rescue.
- ²⁵ Gold and silver make a foot firm, and above both counsel is highly esteemed.
- 26 Money and strength will lift up a heart, and above both is fear of the Lord; there is no want in the fear of the Lord, and with it there is no reason to seek aid.
- ²⁷ Fear of the Lord is like an orchard of blessing,
 - and more than any glory it covers him.
- 28 Child, a life of begging do not live; it is better to die than to beg.
- ²⁹ When a man looks to a table belonging to another,
 - his manner of living is not aby reckoning a lifea;
 - he will pollute his soul with food belonging to others,

but a man who is intelligent and who has been instructed will be on guard.

³⁰ In the mouth of a shameless person begging will be sweet, and in his belly a fire will burn.

41 O death, how bitter is the remembrance of you

to a person at peace with his possessions, to a man undistracted and prospering in everything

- and still having strength to welcome a luxury.
- O death, your judgment is good to a person who is needy and lacking strength,
 - who is in extreme old age and is anxious about everything
 - and who is disobedient and has lost hope.
- Do not be wary of death's judgment; remember those before you and the last ones.
- 4 This is the judgment from the Lord for all flesh—

and why should you reject the good pleasure of the Most High?

Whether ten or a hundred or a thousand years,

in Hades there is no reproving of life.

5 Abominable children are children of sinners, and living together in the enclaves of

impious persons. The inheritance of the children of sinner

- 6 The inheritance of the children of sinners will perish,
 - and disgrace will continually be with their seed.

- Children will blame an impious father, because on his account they will be reproached.
- Woe to you, impious men, who have forsaken the law of the Most High.
- [For if you multiply, it is for destruction,] and if you are born, you will be born for a curse, and if you die, you will be apportioned a

curse.

- Everything that is from the earth will go back into the earth; so impious persons are from a curse to destruction.
- ¹¹ The grief of human beings is in their bodies, but a no-good name of sinners will be blotted out.
- Have regard for a name, for it will endure for you rather than a thousand great treasures of
- gold.
 Of a good life there is a number of days, but a good name will endure forever.
- Maintain instruction in peace, children, but hidden wisdom and invisible treasure what profit is in either?
- ¹⁵ Better is a person who conceals his foolishness than a person who conceals his wisdom.
 - Therefore show respect for my judgment, for it is not good to guard against every
 - shame, and not everything will be approved by
 - all with confidence.
 - Be ashamed before father and mother, of sexual immorality, and before leader and dynast, of falsehood,
- ¹⁸ before judge and magistrate, of error, and before a gathering and people, of lawlessness,
- before partner and friend, of injustice,
 and before a place where you sojourn, of theft,

before divine truth and covenant and before planting an elbow for bread, before damning in receiving and giving

- and before people who greet, of silence, before a look at a female escort
- 21 and before turning away from the face of a relative,

before taking away a portion and a gift and before ogling a married woman,

before meddling with his servant girl and do not come upon her bed before friends, of words of reproach and after giving, do not reproach,

^aI.e. a good life

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SIRACH 42-43

754	5110/011	74
42	before repeating a word of hearsay and before disclosing secret words,	15
	and you will be truly modest and finding favor before every human.	16
	Do not be ashamed of these things, and do not areceive a face ^a in order to sin:	
2	of the law of the Most High and covenant and of judgment so as to justify the impious,	17
3	of an account of a partner or travelers and of giving an inheritance of others,	
4	of accuracy with scale and weights and of acquiring much or little,	18
5	of profit from business of merchants and of much discipline of children and to draw blood from the side of a wicked domestic.	19
6	In the case of a wicked wife, a seal is excellent,	20
7	and where there are many hands, lock up. Whatever you hand over—by number and weight and giving or receiving—put everything	21
8	in writing. ^b Do not be ashamed ^b of discipline for the	
	stupid and foolish and for the aged guilty of sexual	22
	immorality, and you will have truly been trained	23
	and will have been approved before every living person.	24
9	A daughter is a hidden sleeplessness to a father,	25
	and anxiety about her takes away sleep— in her youth, lest she become past her prime,	13
10	and having married, lest she be hated, in virginity, lest she be defiled	43
	and she become pregnant in her father's house, being with a man ^c , lest she transgress,	2
11	and having married, lest she be barren. Over a wanton daughter keep strict guard, lest she make you a laughingstock to enemies,	3
	common talk in the city and summoned by the people, and she shame you in a multitude of	4
12	many. Do not look at any person in terms of beauty,	
	and in the midst of women do not deliberate.	5
13	For from garments proceeds a moth, and from a woman, woman's wickedness.	
14	Better the wickedness of a man than a well- doing woman and a woman bringing shame to the point of reproach.	6
aloc	how partiality blocking in Cle COr hushand	

I will indeed remember the works of the Lord,
and what I have seen, I will narrate;
by the words of the Lord are his works,
[and judgment happens by his good will.]

The shining sun looked down upon everything, and its work is full of the glory of the

Lord. He did not permit the holy ones of the Lord to recount all his wonders that the Lord the Almighty established so that the universe might stand firm in his glory.

Abyss and heart he searched out, and he considered their wonderful feats; for the Most High knew all knowledge,

and he saw into the sign of the age, relating the things that passed and the things that will be

and revealing tracks of hidden things. No thought eluded him,

and not one word was hidden from him. He set in order the splendors of his

- wisdom; since he is one before the age and forever, he was neither added to nor diminished,
- and he needed no one as a counselor. How desirable are all his works,
- and they are like a spark to behold. All these things live, and they remain forever,
- in all functions, and all obey. Everything is in pairs, one opposite one,
- and he did not make anything deficient. One firmed up the good things of the
 - other and who will be filled when he sees his glory?

13 Exultation of height, firmament of elegance,

the form of the sky in a vision of glory! The sun in an appearance proclaiming in going out,

a wondrous object, a work of the Most High!

At its noontide, it parches land and before its burning heat who will endure?

When one blows a furnace in works of burning heat,

threefold is the sun when it burns up mountains.

- When it breathes out fiery vapors and when it shines forth rays, it blinds eyes.
- Great is the Lord who made it, and at his words it hastened on its journey.
- And the moon stands in its season, a proclamation of times and an everlasting sign.

^aI.e. show partiality ^bLacking in Gk ^cOr husband

SIRACH 43-44

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- ⁷ From the moon is a sign for a feast, a luminary that wanes upon completion.
- ⁸ A month is according to its name, increasing marvelously in changing,
 - an object on high for armies, shining in the firmament of the sky.
- ⁹ The glory of the stars is the beauty of the sky,
 - an ornament giving light in the heights of the Lord.
- ¹⁰ By words of the Holy One they will stand according to decree,
 - and they will never fail in their watches. See the rainbow, and bless him who made it
- exceedingly beautiful in its brightness. ¹² It ringed the sky in a circle of glory;
 - the hands of the Most High stretched it out.
- By his ordinance he urges on snow and speeds the lightnings of his judgment.

11

21

- 14 Therefore storehouses were opened, and clouds flew out like birds.
- ¹⁵ In his majesty he made clouds strong, and stones of hail were broken apart.
- ^{17a} The voice of his thunder caused the earth to be in travail,
- ¹⁶ and at his appearance mountains will be shaken.
- By his will the south wind will blow, also a storm from the north and a whirlwind.
 - Like birds flying down he sprinkles snow, and like a locust alighting is its descent.
- An eye will marvel at the beauty of its whiteness,
 - and a heart will be amazed by its rain.
- ¹⁹ And frost, like salt, he pours upon the earth, and when it freezes, points of thorns occur.
- A cold north wind will blow, and ice will freeze on water; upon every gathering of water it will settle, and like a breastplate the water will put it
 - on. He will consume mountains and will burn
- up wilderness, and he will extinguish grass like fire.
- ²² A mist hastens healing for all things;
 - a dew that comes out will refresh from the heat.
- 23 By his reasoning he abated the abyss, and he planted islands in it.
- 24 Those who sail the sea describe its danger, and we marvel at the reports of our ears.
- ²⁵ The incredible and amazing works are there,
 - a variety of every living thing, a creation of sea monsters.
- 26 Because of him, his messenger succeeds, and by his word all things hold together.

- 27 Many things we might say, and we would never arrive,
 - and the consummation of words is "He is the all."
- Where shall we find the strength to glorify? For he is the great one, beyond all of his works.
- 29 Awesome is the Lord and very great, and marvelous is his dominance.
 - Glorify the Lord, and exalt him as much as you can, for he will surpass even still,
 - and exalt him, and increase in strength; do not grow weary, for you will never arrive.
- ³¹ Who has seen him and will describe him? And who will magnify him as he is?
- 32 Many things hidden are greater than these, for few of his works we have seen.
- ³³ For the Lord made all things, and to the pious he gave wisdom.

A HYMN TO THE FATHERS

- Let us now praise famous men
- **44** and our fathers by descent.
- The Lord created much glory, his majesty from eternity.
 When they ruled in their king
 - When they ruled in their kingdoms, men also became noteworthy through power;
 - when they counseled with their intelligence,
 - when they announced through prophecies,
 - when they led people by deliberations and with understanding of a people's scribal art wise words there are in their
- instruction—
 when they searched out musical tunes and set out verses in writing—
- ⁶ rich men well endowed with strength, being at peace in their dwelling-places
 - all of these were glorified in generations and in their days were a boast.
 - There were some of them who left behind a name
 - so that their praises might be told in detail.
 - And of others there is no memorial, and they perished as though they had not existed,
 - and they became as those who had not been born,
 - and their children after them.
- ¹⁰ These, on the other hand, were men of compassion, whose righteous deeds were not

forgotten.

- With their seed it will remain; a good inheritance is their offspring.
 In the covenants their seed stood
- ² In the covenants their seed stood, and their children for their sake.
- ¹³ Forever will their seed remain,

756	SIRACH	44-	-4
14	and their glory will not be blotted out. Their bodies were buried in peace,	5	Н
15	and their name lives for generations. Peoples will recount their wisdom, and an assembly will proclaim their		aı
16	praise.		tc
16 17	Henoch pleased God, and he was changed, an example of repentance for generations. Noe was found perfect, righteous;	6	Н
	in a time of anger he became an exchange;	7	Н
	because of him, there was a remnant for the earth, when a flood occurred.		h
18	Covenants of eternity were added to him lest all flesh be blotted out by a flood.	8	Н
19	Abraam was a great father of a multitude of nations,		
20	and no blemish was found on his glory, who kept the law of the Most High,	9	A
	and he entered in a covenant with him; in his flesh he established a covenant, and in a trial he was found faithful.		tc
21	Therefore he ^a established by means of an oath with him	10	w
	that nations would be blessed by his seed, that he would multiply him as the dust of		w
	the earth and like the stars to exalt his seed	11	w
	and to give them an inheritance from sea to sea and from the river to the end of the earth.		fc
22	And with Isaak he likewise established, on account of Abraam his father.	12	a
22	A blessing for all humankind and a covenant		a
23	he put down upon the head of Iakob; he acknowledged him with his blessings, and he gave to him by an inheritance,	13	В
	and he divided his portions, and he allotted among twelve tribes.		U
	And he brought out of him a man of mercy, who found favor in the eyes of all flesh,	14	Н
10		15	M
45	Moyses, whose memorial is accompanied by blessings.		it
2	He made him equal to the glory of holy ones, and he made him great by terror for		tc
3	enemies. By his words he hastened signs;	16	Н
	hea glorified him in front of kings; he gave him commands for his people,	17	in
4	and he showed him his glory. In faithfulness and meekness he consecrated him:	17	By to
	he chose him out of all flesh.		

le caused him to hear his voice, and he led him into the deep darkness, nd he gave him commandments face-toface, a law of life and knowledge, o teach Iakob a covenant and Israel his judgments. e exalted Aaron, a holy person like him^b, his brother from the tribe of Leui. e cestablished him as an everlasting covenantd and gave him a priesthood of the people; e pronounced him happy with decorum, and he girded him with a cloak of glory. e clothed him with perfection of boasting, and he crowned him with the implements of strength, drawers and a full-length robe and shoulder-strap. nd he encircled him with pomegranates, with very many golden bells all around, o send forth a sound at his steps, to make an audible sound in the shrine for a memorial for the sons of his people, vith the sacred vestment, with gold and blue and purple, a work of an embroiderer, vith the oracle of judgment, for manifestations of truth, with twisted scarlet, a work of an artisan, vith costly stones of an engraved seal in a setting of gold, a work of a jeweler, or a memorial in inscribed writing according to the number of the tribes of Israel, crown of gold upon a turban, a carving of a seal of holiness, boast of honor, a work of strength, objects of desire for the eyes, adorned. efore him such beautiful things did not exist. Intil eternity, no alien put them on except his sons alone and his descendants in perpetuity. is sacrifices shall be wholly burned, twice each day continually. toyses filled his hands and anointed him with holy oil; became for him an everlasting covenant and in his seed for the days of the sky, o minister to him^a and at the same time to be a priest and to bless his people in the name. e chose him out of everyone alive to offer a fruit sacrifice to the Lord, ncense and a pleasing odor for a memorial, to make atonement for the people. y his commandments he gave him authority in covenants of judgments, o teach Iakob the testimonies and with his law to enlighten Israel.

aI.e. God bI.e. Moyses cPossibly established with him an everlasting covenant dGk is plural

SIRACH 45-46

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- 18 Strangers conspired against him, and they envied him in the wilderness, the men with Dathan and Abiron
 - and the gathering of Kore in wrath and anger.
- 19 The Lord saw and was not well pleased, and they were destroyed by wrath of anger;
 - he performed wonders among them, to consume them in the fire of his flame.
- 20 And he added glory to Aaron, and he gave him an inheritance; the first fruits of first products he allotted to him;
 - bread with the first things he prepared in abundance.
- 21 For also they shall eat sacrifices of the Lord, which he gave both to him and to his seed.
- 22 But in the land of the people he will have no inheritance,
 - and he has no portion for him among the people,
 - for hea is your portion and inheritance.
- 23 And Phinees son of Eleazar is third in glory,
 - since he was zealous in the fear of the Lord
 - and since he stood firm in the turning of the people,
 - in the goodness of the eagerness of his soul:
 - he also made atonement for Israel.
- 24 Therefore there was established with him a covenant of peace
 - to be in charge of holy things and of his people
 - so that he and his seed might have the magnificence of the priesthood forever.
- 25 Also a covenant with Dauid son of Iessai from the tribe of Iouda, an inheritance of the king for son from son only; Aaron's inheritance is also for his seed.

 - May he^a grant to you^b wisdom in your heart. to judge his people in righteousness so that their good things might not vanish and their glory be to their generations.

26

Mighty in war was Iesous son of Naue 46 and a successor of Moyses in prophecies, who was, like his name, great for the salvation of his^c elect, to take vengeance on enemies when stirred up, so that he might give Israel an inheritance.

How he was glorified when he lifted up his hands

and when he extended a sword against cities!

- 3 Who before him stood so? For it was he who led the wars of the Lord.
- Was it not by his hand that the sun was shackled, and one day became as two?
- He called upon the Most High, mighty one, when enemies pressed him all around, and the great Lord heard him with stones of hail of mighty power.
- 6 He rushed down upon a nation in battle, and on a slope he destroyed those who resisted
 - so that nations might know his armament, because their battle was against the Lord, for indeed he followed after a mighty one.
 - And in the days of Moyses he did mercy, he and Chaleb son of Iephonne, to oppose an assembly,
 - to restrain people from sin and to still grumbling of wickedness. And these were the two that escaped
 - out of the six hundred thousand infantry to lead them^d into an inheritance,
 - into a land flowing with milk and honey. And the Lord gave Chaleb strength,
 - and until old age it remained with him so that he went up to the height of the land and his seed obtained an inheritance
- 10 in order that all the sons of Israel might see that it is good to walk behind the Lord.
- 11 And the judges, each with his own name, whose heart did not commit fornication and who did not turn away from the Lord, may their memorial be for blessings.
- 12 May their bones sprout anew out of their plot

and their name be traded; may ite be renowned famong the sons of humankind.

- 13 Having received glory of human beings, beloved by his Lord was Samouelf; a prophet of the Lord, he established a kingdom
- and anointed rulers over his people. 14 By the law of the Lord he judged a gathering,

and the Lord watched over Iakob.

- 15 By his faithfulness he was made accurate as a prophet,
 - and the trustworthiness of his vision was known in his words.
- 16 And he called upon the Lord, a mighty one, when his enemies pressed all around,

aI.e. God ^bGk is plural ^cI.e. God's ^dI.e. the Israelites ^eI.e. their plot ^fPerhaps among the sons of humankind, having received glory of human beings. Beloved by his Lord was Samouel

S	I	RA	CH	46-	-47

758	SIRACH	4
17	with an offering of a suckling lamb. And the Lord thundered from the sky, and with a great sound he made his voice	11
18 19	heard. And he wiped out leaders of the Tyrians and all rulers of the Phylistiim. And before the time of eternal sleep he bore	12
	witness before the Lord and his anointed one, "No property, not even a pair shoes,	13
20	have I taken from any flesh." And no person accused him. And after he fell asleep, he prophesied, and he showed the king his end, and he raised up his voice out of the ground in prophecy to blot out the lawlessness of the people.	14 15
17	- And -Ganglian - NI-shan mana an	16
4 <i>1</i>	to prophecy in the days of Dauid. Just as fat set apart from deliverance ^a ,	17
3	so was Dauid from Israel's sons. He played with lions as with young goats and with bears as with lambs of the	18
4	flocks. In his youth, did he not kill a giant and take away reproach from the people	19
_	by raising his hand with a sling's stone and by striking down the arrogance of Goliath?	
5	For he called upon the Lord, the Most High,	20
6	and he gave strength by his right arm, to remove a person able in war, to exalt his people's horn. So among the tens of thousands they glorified him, and they praised him with blessings of	21 22
7	by bringing to him a diadem of glory. For he wiped out enemies all around, and he treated with contempt the	
8	Phylistiim, his adversaries, and he broke their horn until this day. In every deed of his he gave acknowledgement	
	to the Holy One, the Most High, with a word of glory; with his whole heart he sang hymns, and he loved him who made him.	23
9	He established harp-singers before the altar also to make sweet melodies with their ringing sounds, [and every day they will praise with their songs.]	
10	He gave dignity at the feasts, and he arranged seasons until	24
	completion, when they were praising his holy name,	
	and from early morning the holy precinct was resounding.	25

11 The Lord took away his sins, and he exalted his horn forever, and he gave him a covenant of kings and a throne of glory in Israel. 12 After this one arose a knowledgeable son, and because of himb, he lodged in spaciousness. 13 Salomon reigned in days of peace, to whom God gave rest all around so that he might establish a house to his^c name and prepare a holy precinct forever. How wise were you in your youth, 14 and you were filled like a river with understanding. 15 Your soul covered the earth, and you were full with illustrations of riddles. 16 To far-off islands did your name reach, and you were beloved in your peace. 17 For songs and proverbs and illustrations and for explanations countries marveled at you. 18 In the name of the Lord God, who is called God of Israel, you gathered gold like tin and amassed silver like lead. 19 You bent your flanks for women, and you were brought into subjection by your body. 20 You gave disgrace on your glory, and you defiled your seed, to bring wrath upon your children and to cause bewilderment by your folly 21 so that sovereignty became divided, and a disobedient kingdom originates from Ephraim. 22 But the Lord will never abandon his mercy and never caused any of his words to perish, and he will never blot out the descendants of his chosen one, and he will never take away the seed of the one who loved him, and he gave a remnant to lakob, and to Dauid a root out of him. 23 And Salomon rested with his fathers, and he left behind himself some of his seed, folly of the people and one lacking understanding, Roboam, who caused the people to revolt because of his plan, and Ieroboam son of Nabat, who made Israel sin, also gave Ephraim a path of sin. 24 And their sins multiplied greatly

to remove them from their land. And they sought out every wickedness until vengeance came upon them.

aI.e. an offering of deliverance bI.e. Dauid cI.e. God's

SIRACH 48-49

- 48 And Elias rose up, a prophet like fire, and his word was burning like a tard
- **40** and his word was burning like a torch, who brought a famine upon them
 - and by his zeal made them few.
- By a word of the Lord he shut up the sky; he thus brought down fire three times.
- 4 How you were glorified, Elias, in your wondrous deeds!
 - And who will boast as you can?
- 5 He who raised a corpse from death and out of Hades by a word of the Most High.
- 6 He who brought down kings to destruction and those who had been glorified from their bed.
- 7 He who heard a rebuke at Sina

9

- and at Choreb judgments of vengeance.
 ⁸ He who anointed kings for the purpose of retribution
- and prophets as successors after him. He who was taken up in a whirlwind of fire
 - and in a chariot of fiery horses.
- He who was recorded ready for the times, to calm anger before wrath,
 - to turn the heart of a father to a son and to restore the tribes of Iakob.
- Happy are those who saw you and those fallen asleep in loving^a, for we too shall live by life.
- ¹² It was Elias who was enveloped in a whirlwind,
 - and Elisaie was filled with his spirit, and in his days he did not tremble before any ruler,
 - and no one oppressed him.
- ¹³ No word surpassed him,
- and in sleep^b his body prophesied.
 ¹⁴ In his life he performed wonders, and in death his deeds were marvelous.
- ¹⁵ In all these things, the people did not repent,
 - and they did not withdraw from their sins
 - until they were carried off from their land and they were scattered in all the earth. And the people were left few in number, and a ruler in the house of Dauid.
- Some of them did what was pleasing, but others multiplied sins.
- Hezekias fortified his city, and he brought water into its midst; he tunneled a rock with iron, and he built wells for water.
- ¹⁸ In his days Sennacherim came up, and he sent Rapsakes and departed, and he raised up his hand against Sion and made great boasts in his arrogance.
- ¹⁹ Then their hearts and hands were shaken,

and they were in travail like women in labor.

20 And they called upon the Lord who is merciful,

spreading out their hands to him.

And the Holy One quickly heard them from the sky,

and he redeemed them by the hand of Esaias.

- 21 He struck down the camp of the Assyrians, and his holy angel wiped them out.
- 22 For Hezekias did what was pleasing to the Lord,

and he prevailed in the ways of Dauid, his father,

- which Esaias the prophet commanded; he was great and reliable in his vision.
- ²³ In his days the sun stepped back, and he added to life for the king.
- 24 By his great spirit he showed what would be, forever,
 - and he comforted those who mourned in Sion.
- ²⁵ And to eternity he showed the things that will be
 - and the hidden things before they even happened.
- 49 Iosias's memorial becomes a compounding of incense, prepared^c by the work of a perfumer; like honey in every mouth it will be sweet, and like music at a banquet of wine.
 - He prospered in turning around the people,
 - and he removed abominations of lawlessness.

³ He directed his heart toward the Lord; in days of lawless people he strengthened piety.

- Except for Dauid and Hezekias and Iosias, all committed error, for they abandoned the law of the Most High; the kings of Iouda failed,
- ⁵ for they gave their horn^d to others and their glory to a foreign nation.
- 6 They set fire to the chosen city of the holy sanctuary and made desolate its streets
 - eby the hande of Ieremias.

7

- For they mistreated him, and he was hallowed a prophet in the womb,
 - to uproot and to ruin and to destroy, likewise to build and to plant.
- 8 There was Iezekiel who saw a vision of glory that he^f showed to him upon the chariot of Cheroubin.

^aPossibly + you ^bI.e. death ^cI.e. memorial ^dI.e. power ^ePerhaps because ^fI.e. God

760

9	Indeed he ^a remembered his enemies in a thunderstorm,		like a
	and to do good to those who make	9	like fire a
	straight their ways.		like a
	straight their ways.		adorn
10	And may the bones of the twelve prophets	10	like an o
	sprout anew out of their place,		and li
	for they comforted Iakob	11	When he
	and they redeemed them in confidence of		and w
	hope.		1
			in ascene
11	How are we to magnify Zorobabel?		he glo
	He too was like a signet on the right		1
	hand,		
12	so Iesous son of Iosedek,	12	But as he
	who, in their days, built a house		, 1
	and raised a holy shrine to the Lord,		and w
	prepared for everlasting glory.		all aroun
13			like a
15	And the memorial of Neemias is lasting,		and th
	he who raised our walls, which had	13	And all A
	fallen,	15	and th
	and set up gates and bars and raised up our buildings.		before
	and faised up our buildings.	14	and as h
14	No one was created on the earth such as		1 10 11
	Henoch,		to arra
	for he too was taken up from the earth.		to uno
15	Nor has there been born a man like Ioseph,	15	he stretc
	a leader of brothers, a support of the		and m
	people,		he poure
	and they watched over his bones.		an od
16	Sem and Seth were glorified among human		t
	beings,	16	Then the
	and above every living thing in creation		they s
	was Adam.		1
			they mad
5(Simon son of Onias was the great priest,	17	as a m
5	1	17	Then all
2	and in his days fortified a shrine.		ة باد احمد
2	And by him the height of the courtyard was		and th to do ob
	founded, a high retaining structure of the temple		the Al
	enclosure.		uie m
3	In his days a cistern for water was quarried,	18	And the
	a reservoir like the circumference of a sea.		vine uie
4	He who gave heed to his people out of		a mel
	calamity		t
	and strengthened the city in a siege,	19	And the
5	how he was glorified as he spun around the]
	shrine,		with p
	as he exited from the house of the veil.		until t
6	Like a morning star in the midst of a		(
	cloud,		and th
	like the full moon in the days of a feast,	20	Then as
7	like the sun shining on the shrine of the		l
	Most High,		over t
	like the rainbow gleaming in clouds of		to give a
0	glory,	21	and to
8	like a blossom of roses in days of ^b new	21	And they
	things ^b , like lilies at exits of water,		to reco
	ince innes at exits of Water,		1

	like a new shoot of Ledanon in days of
	summer,
	like fire and incense in a fire-pan,
	like a gold vessel of beaten metal,
	adorned with every precious stone,
)	like an olive tree sprouting forth fruit
	and like a cypress towering in the clouds
L	When he put on a robe of glory
	and when he put on himself with the
	perfection of a boast,
	in ascending the holy altar,
	he glorified the enclosure of the holy
	precinct.
2	But as he received portions from priests'
-	hands

SIRACH 49-50

and when he stood by the altar's^c hearth, all around him was a garland of brothers like a growth of cedars on Lebanon, and they surrounded him like trunks of palm trees.

And all Aaron's sons were in their glory, and the Lord's offering was in their hands before the entire assembly of Israel,

and as he was ministering a conclusion upon the altars^c, to arrange an offering for the Most High,

the Almighty, he stretched out his hand to a libation bowl

and made a libation of grape blood; he poured at the foundations of the altar

an odor of fragrance to the Most High, the King of All.

Then the sons of Aaron cheered; they sounded on trumpets of beaten metal;

they made heard a great sound as a memorial before the Most High.

Then all the people hurried with one accord,

and they fell face down on the ground, to do obeisance to their Lord,

the Almighty, God Most High.

And the harp-singers sang praises with their voices; a melody was made sweet with a full

tone.

- And the people ^dpetitioned the Lord Most High^d
 - with prayer before the Merciful One until the Lord's arrangement was completed
 - and they finished his ministrations. Then as he descended, he raised up his

hands over the entire assembly of Israel's sons, to give a blessing of the Lord from his lips and to boast in his name.

And they repeated an act of obeisance, to receive the blessing from the Most High.

aI.e. God bI.e. spring cGk = bômos dPossibly of the Lord Most High petitioned

SIRACH 50-51

9

11

21

- And now bless the God of all things, him who does great things everywhere, him who exalts our days from the womb and does with us according to his mercy.
- 23 May he give us gladness of heart, that there also be peace in our days in Israel according to the days of the age.
- May he entrust with us his mercy, and in our days let him redeem us.
- ²⁵ My soul was offended at two nations, and the third is not a nation:
- 26 those who settled on Mount Samaria and Phylistiim and the foolish people who live in Sikima.

Instruction of understanding and knowledge I have inscribed in this book, Iesous son of Sirach, Eleazar the Hierosolymite, who poured forth wisdom from his heart.

- 28 Happy is he who is engaged in these things, and when he has placed them on his heart, he will be wise.
- ²⁹ For if he does them, he will have strength for anything,
 - because his route is the fear of the Lord, [and to the pious he gave wisdom.]
 - [Blessed be the Lord forever. May it be; may it be.]

A PRAYER OF IESOUS SON OF SIRACH

- 51 I will acknowledge you, O Lord and King, and I will praise you as God my Savior.
- I acknowledge your name, because you have been my protector and helper,
 - and you have redeemed my body from destruction

and from a trap of a slanderous tongue, from lips that fabricate a lie,

and against those who stand by

3

4

- you have been a help, and you have redeemed me,
 - according to an abundance of mercy and your name,
- from nooses prepared for food, from the hand of persons seeking my soul,
- from rather many troubles, which I had, from a choking of a pyre all around
- and from the midst of fire, which I did not kindle,
- ⁵ from the deep of Hades' belly and from an unclean tongue and a lying word
- 6 and a missile of a tongue of an unrighteous person.
 - My soul drew near to death,
 - and my life was on the brink of Hades below.
- 7 They surrounded me on every side,

and there was no one who helped;

- I looked for assistance from human beings, and there was none.
- And I remembered your mercy, O Lord, and your beneficence from of old, because you raise up those who wait for you and you save them from the hand of
- wicked persons. And I raised up my supplication from the earth.
- and I begged for deliverance from death.
- I called upon the Lord, Father of my lord, not to forsake me in days of affliction, in a time of helplessness from acts of arrogance.
 - "I will praise your name continually, and I will sing hymns with acknowledgement." And my petition was heard,
- for you saved me from destruction and delivered me from an evil time.
 - For this reason I will acknowledge and praise you, and I will bless the name of the Lord.
- When I was still young, before I wandered, I sought wisdom plainly in my prayer.
- Before the shrine I asked for her, and until the final things I will seek her.
- ¹⁵ When the grape was putting out flowers to the point of ripening, my heart was glad in her; my foot stepped in rectitude; from my youth I would track her.
- ¹⁶ I inclined my ear a little, and I received, and I found for myself much instruction.
- I made progress in her; to him who gives me wisdom I will give glory.
- For I intended to practice her, and I sought the good, and I will never be ashamed.
- ¹⁹ My soul has grappled with her, and in the performance of the law I was exacting.
 - I spread out my hands on high, and I thought about ignorance of her.
- 20 I directed my soul to her, and in purification I found her.

I acquired a heart with her from the beginning.

For this reason I will never be forsaken, and my belly was stirred to seek her out; for this reason I gained a good

possession.

22 The Lord gave a tongue to me as my wage, and with it I will praise him.

7	c	2
- 1	σ	7

SIRACH 51

23	Draw near to me, you who are
	uneducated,
	and lodge in a house of instruction.
24	Why are you still lacking in these things
	and your souls thirst greatly?

- and your souls thirst greatly? I opened my mouth, and I said, "Acquire for yourselves without money. 25
- Place your neck under a yoke, and let your soul receive instruction. It is near to find it." 26
- See with your eyes that I labored little, and I found for myself much rest. Partake of instruction with a great sum of 27
- 28 silver, and you will acquire much gold by it.

- 29 May your soul be glad in his mercy, and may you never be ashamed in his praise.
 Accomplish your work in good time, and he will give your wage in his time.
- 30

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